#### STATE OF NEW YORK COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL CONDUCT

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In the Matter of the Proceeding Pursuant to Section 44, subdivision 4, of the Judiciary Law in Relation to

#### NAITA A. SEMAJ,

## AGREED STATEMENT OF FACTS

a Justice of the Supreme Court, 12<sup>th</sup> Judicial District, Bronx County.

Subject to the approval of the Commission on Judicial Conduct:

#### IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED AND AGREED by and between

Robert H. Tembeckjian, Administrator and Counsel to the Commission, and the Honorable Naita A. Semaj ("Respondent"), that further proceedings are waived and that the Commission shall make its determination upon the following facts and exhibits, which shall constitute the entire record in lieu of a hearing.

- 1. Respondent was admitted to the practice of law in New York in 2006. She has been a Justice of the Supreme Court, 12<sup>th</sup> Judicial District, Bronx County, since January 1, 2022, having previously served as a Judge of the New York City Civil Court, Bronx County, from January 1, 2019, to December 31, 2021. Respondent's term expires on December 31, 2035.
- 2. Respondent was served with a Formal Written Complaint dated January 21, 2025. She filed an Answer dated February 18, 2025.

#### As to Charge I

3. On numerous occasions from March 23, 2022, through April 3, 2023, while presiding over various matters, Respondent was and/or appeared to be impatient, undignified, discourteous and otherwise disrespectful toward and biased against assistant district attorneys (ADAs), in that she (A) spoke to prosecutors in an impatient and discourteous manner, (B) advocated for the defense, (C) failed to afford prosecutors the opportunity to be heard, (D) mischaracterized and assailed certain policies of the Bronx District Attorney's Office (DA's Office), (E) unjustifiably ejected ADAs from her courtroom on at least three occasions, and (F) otherwise acted inappropriately, including but not limited to making inappropriate comments about the physical appearance of an ADA who was pregnant, and removing her face mask in contravention of court system policy at the time and raising her voice to two ADAs.

### **Specifications to Charge I**

# People v S

4. On April 1, 2022, Respondent presided over a calendar appearance in a criminal matter, *People v S*, which was scheduled for possible disposition on consent. The transcript of the appearance is appended as <u>Exhibit A</u>. The defendant was charged *inter alia* with two counts of Attempted Murder in the Second Degree, Assault and Reckless Endangerment, and related weapons

charges, for allegedly chasing and shooting at two individuals after they accosted him inside a store, wounding and hospitalizing at least one of them. He faced a maximum sentence of 25 years in prison if sentenced as an adult, but a significantly shorter period of incarceration if adjudicated as a youthful offender.<sup>1</sup>

- 5. Walter Fields represented the defendant. ADA Joshua Couce and his Deputy Bureau Chief, ADA Ilya Kharkover, appeared on behalf of the People. The People were recommending a sentence of seven years imprisonment on a plea to the top count in full satisfaction of the charges. ADA Kharkover was present because Respondent had requested the attendance of a supervisor to justify the prosecution's sentencing recommendation.
- 6. At the beginning of the proceeding, Respondent asked the ADAs to "help" her "understand" the sentence they were recommending. ADA Kharkover stated that the case was "very strong" and explained that it involved the attempted murder of an individual who was running away from the defendant at the time of the shooting. Exhibit A, 2:18-2:24.
- 7. In response, Respondent referred to a video of the events preceding the incident and described it as showing two people who "come into the store as Mr.

  S in the store . . . with their hands in their pocket, clearly, as if they have

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The defendant was eligible for youthful offender status because he was 17 years old at the time of the crime, though he was 18 years old at the time of this appearance.

something," "immediately approach Mr. Seesens; take whatever is in their pocket out" and one of them "starts looking like he's trying to stab Mr. Seesens in the side." Exhibit A, 2:25-3:10.

- 8. Respondent continued to ask ADA Kharkover, "help me understand," sarcastically remarked, "So you're so concerned about violence," and asked if ADA Kharkover had seen "that part in the video" where two people "came into the store with weapons" and "[a]ttempted to immediately start stabbing Mr.

  SELECTION Exhibit A, 3:11-3:19.
- 9. ADA Kharkover replied that the defendant chased and shot at the two individuals after they no longer posed a threat to him, stating, "Yes, Judge, but what about when they flee and he shoots after them; is anybody stabbing him then?" Exhibit A, 3:20-3:22.
- 10. Respondent then remarked, "Are you serious right now?" Exhibit A, 3:23.
- 11. When ADA Kharkover tried to clarify his point, Respondent cut him off, stating "Why is it okay that somebody gets to walk into a store, corner somebody and try to stab them? Because, basically, the message your office sends, every single day, is that it's okay to do whatever you want to do as long as you don't have a gun." Exhibit A, 3:20-4:5.

- 12. ADA Kharkover attempted to respond, but Respondent cut him off again and stated, "Don't come in here and ask me is that okay? None of it's okay," and "None of it's okay. But I'm the one who realizes that; you don't." Exhibit A, 4:6-4:11.
- 13. Respondent again questioned the recommendation of the DA's Office, remarked that "everything started with the two individuals who, clearly, came into the store looking for a problem" and then said, "They found it. Did they not?" Exhibit A, 4:13-4:19. Respondent also asked ADA Kharkover, "Did you guys pursue those two individuals?" Exhibit A, 4:22-23.
- 14. ADA Kharkover responded he was "trying to find out the answer" and reminded Respondent that he was not the ADA assigned to this case, to which Respondent replied, "Well, you should know the answer" and incorrectly asserted that because ADA Kharkover had "something to do" with the offer, he should have "ma[d]e it [his] business to have all the information." Respondent added, "So don't sit here and tell me 'I'm trying to find out.' This is not the point in the game where you investigate and figure it all out; you should know that on the front end." Exhibit A, 4:21-5-23.
- 15. ADA Kharkover attempted to explain that he did not have all of the information Respondent requested because he had been pulled from a meeting when Respondent summoned him to court, at which point Respondent

immediately called the case without giving ADA Kharkover an opportunity to confer with ADA Couce. Respondent sarcastically said, "I wouldn't let you speak to him outside? Oh, I'm so sorry . . . I'm so sorry . . . So I'm going to need you to help me understand, without having to inquire, because, again, you should already have the information." Exhibit A, 6:2-6:24.

- 16. ADA Kharkover then said the defendant had no legal right to shoot at the two individuals, even if they were the initial aggressors, because once they fled they no longer posed a threat to him, to which Respondent replied: "So help me understand what gave them the right to try to stab him? Because, clearly, your office is basically saying that's cool; no worries there; that's, totally, fine; they didn't have a gun." Exhibit A, 7:7-7:23.
- 17. Respondent accused the DA's office of drafting the felony complaint "with every intent of making it look as if" the defendant was "the only person who was doing something wrong ... when that is, absolutely, not the case." Exhibit A, 8:5-19.
- 18. In response, ADA Kharkover noted that the grand jury was shown the video evidence. Exhibit A, 8:20-23.
- 19. Respondent continued to question the DA's recommendation of "seven years jail," for a defendant who "chas[ed] down the person who, quite frankly, tried to kill him." Exhibit A, 11:24-12:3.

20. ADA Kharkover then asked whether the defendant would be interested in a plea agreement with a reduction of the proposed prison sentence to five years:

ADA KHARKOVER: If he just displayed the firearm, I, totally,

agree with Your Honor, this would be a different offer. But, for what it's worth, is the defendant interested in five years?"

DEFENSE COUNSEL: Was that addressed to me?

RESPONDENT: You're not going to answer that. What

you are going to do is step out of my

courtroom.

ADA KHARKOVER: Absolutely.

RESPONDENT: Have a great day. Thank you. Because

you are clearly, clearly a waste of

everything.

ADA KHARKOVER: Clearly.

RESPONDENT: That makes no sense.

ADA KHARKOVER: Clearly.

RESPONDENT: And do not return.

ADA KHARKOVER: Clearly. Clearly.

Exhibit A, 12:7-13:1.

21. ADA Kharkover then exited the courtroom, and Respondent stated:

Well, at best, the position of their office is disingenuous and completely inappropriate. To step foot in here and pretend that there's been a full consideration of the facts and circumstances and at the end of it that's how you got to seven years jail is nonsense. It is complete nonsense. I am disgusted. That is,

absolutely insane. His attitude -- he need not ever step foot in this part again. Ever step foot in this part again. As a matter of fact, I'm going to ask you to ask the chief to come speak to me about him because that's not how this works. This is not a backand-forth discussion. We're not talking on the block. He didn't even know if it was a bodega or a phone store. He doesn't have facts straight. No."

#### Exhibit A, 13:2-13:16.

22. After ADA Kharkover's departure, Respondent continued to criticize the DA's Office by addressing ADA Couce, who remained:

This whole position that your office is taking that you want to grandstand: Lock them all up. Anybody that has a gun, lock them all up. The problem is everybody else who's doing all these other horrible things; who's randomly attacking people in the street; just because they don't have a gun you're, basically, giving all those people a free pass and that sends a horrible message. And if you don't realize that you need to really think about why you're here and why you're even bothering to show up at work because it shouldn't be just about putting people who have a gun in jail because the two guys who walked into this phone store were going in there to hurt him (indicating). You cannot tell me they were going in there to do anything besides trying to kill him (indicating). But no one gives a damn about that. And when I say no one I mean the People; your office; or the NYPD because no one cares. Instead, you filed these complaints where it just looks as if he's literally, standing around causing a problem and pulling out a gun.

## Exhibit A, 14:3-14:22.

23. Respondent then accused the DA's Office of acting in "100 percent bad faith," both in drafting the criminal complaint and recommending seven years in prison, and she criticized the DA's Office's for giving a "free pass" to the

person whom the defendant shot. Respondent characterized the actions of the DA's Office as "complete nonsense." Exhibit A, 14:23-15:9.

- 24. When ADA Couce pointed out that the victim was hospitalized for his injuries and could be charged with, at most, a Class B Misdemeanor for attempted assault, Respondent said, "But it's still a crime. . . . Somebody has very clearly committed an unprovoked, violent, crime, on camera, and, seemingly, the only reason why there's no criminal case against them and why nobody cares about where they were is because they didn't use a gun while doing it. As somebody who lives in the Bronx, that is, absolutely, disgusting and disturbing because the message is so I can walk outside and somebody could beat me down but, you know, if they don't have a gun nobody might even care to arrest them. That is a problem. That is a problem." Exhibit A, 15:14-16:25.
- 25. Respondent accused the Bronx DA's Office of "turn[ing] a blind eye to other crime" (Exhibit A, 17:3), of having the "audacity to come in here with a straight face and then try to talk to me like I'm and idiot and I don't get it. On what planet?" (Exhibit A, 20:10-20:13), and of "choos[ing] to see things through a certain lens and once you've decided who the bad guy is then that's the lens you stick with." Exhibit A, 20:20-21:2.
- 26. At the conclusion of the appearance, Respondent stated that she was "not inclined to continue to have [the case] hang over [the defendant's] head" and

that she would be inclined to adjourn the case for three or six months if she "thought that there was any possibility that [the Bronx DA's] office would wake up and realize the nonsense that is coming from that side of the courtroom but since that is, absolutely, not going to happen, no." Exhibit A, 23:7-23:13. Respondent added the following before adjourning the case:

Your office has made it clear what their position is. Your office has made it, abundantly, clear to me and, probably, everybody else in the Bronx, do whatever you want to do just don't have a gun in your hand. Beat people to a pulp in the street; stab them in a store; go for it; as long as you don't have a gun in your hand we're not worried about it. That's the message that your office is sending. Just so you're, absolutely, clear, that is the message your office is sending and I'm not going to be complicit in the nonsense, at all.

#### Exhibit A, 24:3-24:12.

- 27. At various points throughout the proceeding, Respondent stood up at the bench, removed her mask in contravention of court system policy at the time, and raised her voice at ADAs Couce and Kharkover.
- 28. On April 4, 2022, Respondent presided over another calendar appearance in *People v S*ADA Jaclyn Wood appeared on behalf of the People, and Mr. Fields appeared on behalf of the defendant.
- 29. At an off-record bench conference, ADA Wood attempted to reiterate the People's sentencing recommendation, as well as to explain why the DA's Office believed that the defense of justification was not applicable to the case.

- 30. The S case was then called on the record and adjourned to April 5, 2022.
- 31. On April 5, 2022, Respondent presided over another calendar appearance in *People v S*Exhibit B.<sup>2</sup> ADA Mary Jo Blanchard appeared on behalf of the People, and Mr. Fields appeared for the defendant.
- 32. The case was conferenced off the record, and ADA Blanchard informed Respondent that the DA's Office would be requiring S to plead to the entire indictment, in response to what it perceived to be an inadequate offer from the court. Respondent speaking to ADA Blanchard in a loud, condescending, and chastising manner accused her in sum and substance of "not caring about defendants," and the DA's Office of engaging in a "pissing contest." Respondent said she would adjourn the case to give the People time to "get off their high horse."
- 33. Following the conference, the case was called on the record.

  Respondent stated to ADA Blanchard, "So the reason why you're asking him to plead to the entire indictment is because you can, essentially?" ADA Blanchard

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The transcript misspells the prosecutor's last name, which is Blanchard.

replied, "We do not agree with the disposition being offered by the Court." Exhibit B, 3:4-8.

# People v K

- 34. On October 14, 2022, Respondent presided over a calendar appearance in a criminal matter, *People v K* . The transcript of the appearance is appended as <u>Exhibit C</u>. The People were represented by ADA Ashley Clement, who was covering the cases in Respondent's calendar part for the DA's office that day. The defendant was represented by Monica Dula.
- 35. Respondent announced that the case was on for decision, that she was granting defendant's motion to dismiss the indictment, and that the DA's Office had 45 days to re-present the matter to a grand jury. Exhibit C, 2:13-2:19.
- 36. ADA Clement asked whether an electronic copy of the decision would be sent to ADA Joseph Gattuso, the ADA assigned to the case. When Respondent replied that the decision "is right there on the table," ADA Clement again asked if a copy would be sent to ADA Gattuso. Respondent answered, "I am not his secretary. The case is on right now for decision. The decision is right there." Exhibit C, 3:9-15.
- 37. During the colloquy that ensued, Respondent raised her voice and yelled at ADA Clement, as follows:

ADA CLEMENT: I understand that. I am asking –

RESPONDENT: If you understand it, why are you asking me

questions that don't make sense? Help me understand this. Why would I be sending e-mail copies of decisions to the ADA. Do I work for

your office?

ADA CLEMENT: Because some judges do.

RESPONDENT: I don't. You have it right there.

ADA CLEMENT: Okay. That's it.

RESPONDENT: I'm sorry. What did you say?

ADA CLEMENT: I am just saying that some Judges send the

decision to the ADA.

RESPONDENT: I do not. I do not.

ADA CLEMENT: I am just asking a question.

RESPONDENT: I do not. Anymore questions?

ADA CLEMENT: Okay. That's it.

RESPONDENT: Actually, you could step out. You could step out.

ADA CLEMENT: Okay. Who else is going to cover the part then?

RESPONDENT: Call a supervisor.

ADA CLEMENT: Okay. That's fine.

[Whereupon, ADA Clement exited the courtroom]

RESONDENT: We are not doing this today.

Exhibit C, 3:10-4:17.

- 38. ADA Clement called her Bureau Chief, ADA Susanna Imbo, who met her outside Respondent's courtroom to discuss what had happened. On determining that Ms. Clement had done nothing to justify being ejected from the courtroom, ADA Imbo entered the courtroom with ADA Clement.
- 39. Respondent immediately pointed at ADA Clement and yelled, "You're not allowed to be in here!"
- 40. ADA Imbo asked that everything be put on the record moving forward, which appeared to anger Respondent, who raised her voice at Ms. Imbo and said, in substance, "Who are you?" and "This is my courtroom!" Respondent then ejected Ms. Imbo from her courtroom as well.
- 41. On October 17, 2022, Respondent told ADA Jessica Lupo, an executive staff member at the DA's Office, that she would allow ADA Clement back in her courtroom only if she apologized for "unintentionally disrespecting" Respondent. Although ADA Clement did not believe that an apology was warranted, she nevertheless apologized to Respondent, who replied in sum and substance, "When a judge yells at you, you just sit there and take it."

## People v Tyresse Minter

42. On April 3, 2023, Respondent presided over the arraignment in *People v Tyresse Minter*, in which the defendant was charged with killing his teenage stepson. The transcript of the appearance is appended as <u>Exhibit D</u>.

- 43. The People were represented by ADA Christopher Conway. The defendant was represented by Archana Prakash.
- 44. Because law enforcement authorities had brought the defendant in through the courtroom's public entrance rather than from the non-public back cell area, and he was seated in the spectator section, ADA Conway planned to arrange for the defendant and the victim's family to remain separated. To that end, he remained in touch with a supervisor who would be escorting the victim's mother into the courtroom.
- 45. Respondent called the case before either ADA Conway or the victim's mother had arrived. Respondent then sent a court officer to find Conway and convey to him that Respondent had ordered him to the courtroom.
- 46. When ADA Conway entered the courtroom, Respondent pointed and yelled at him. When he told Respondent the victim's mother was "in the building, walking down the hallway," Respondent replied, "What does that have to do with what we're doing here?" ADA Conway attempted to explain that it would be his preference to wait for the victim's mother to arrive because it was a homicide case. Respondent answered:

Oh, your preference? Oh, my -- you know what? My bad. I completely forgot that your preference actually matters. Are you serious right now? I understand that you have a preference to have the family members sitting in the courtroom, and that's wonderful. So maybe you should ask her to get here sooner. I don't know, but it's 2:30 in the afternoon. Everybody else is

here. I am here. And for you to say that the only reason you're not ready right now is that the mother of the victim has not gotten here yet? If you think for a second I'm going to stop what I'm doing, second call this case for the mother to get here -- are you serious?<sup>3</sup>

#### Exhibit D, 2:14-4:5.

#### People v Maurice Baptise

- 47. On October 13, 2022, Respondent presided over a calendar appearance in a criminal matter, *People v Maurice Baptise*. The transcript of the appearance is appended as <u>Exhibit E</u>.
- 48. The People were represented by ADA Vittoria Fiorenza, who was covering the cases in Respondent's calendar part for the DA's office that day. Mr. Baptise was represented by Olivia Scheck.<sup>4</sup>
- 49. When the case was called and the defendant failed to appear, Ms. Sheck said she had been informed that he had "previously been in a motorcycle accident" and was unable to make it to court because he "thought that he was going to be able to get a ride today, but the ride fell through." Ms. Scheck also said the defendant had sent her "some photographic evidence that supports his knee injury" and asked for an adjournment. Exhibit E, 2:11-2:23.

16

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The victim's mother had actually been in the courthouse for several hours.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Ms. Scheck's surname was erroneously transcribed as "O'Scheck".

50. Consistent with Criminal Procedure Law § 530.60(1), ADA Fiorenza informed Respondent that the ADA assigned to the case was requesting a bench warrant since the defendant had now failed to appear for a third time, and the DA's Office had not been provided with medical documentation to corroborate the explanations for his absence. Exhibit E, 2:25-3:9. Respondent replied:

You seriously believe that it's appropriate to ask for a warrant when an attorney has stood up in court and represented that not only has she spoken with her client, but her client was in an accident and her client is unable to get here without a ride? You really do believe, as an attorney, that's an appropriate basis upon which to ask for a warrant?

#### Exhibit E, 3:10-3:16.

- 51. ADA Fiorenza stated that she believed Respondent, at the very least, should set a short adjourn date for either the defendant to appear or for defense counsel to provide some medical documentation. Exhibit E, 3:17-2:20.
- 52. Respondent stated that there was no point in setting a short adjournment because "in a week we are probably going to hear the same thing" and sarcastically urged ADA Fiorenza to make records that are "consistent with facts and reality." Respondent added, "Like you are asking for a warrant warrants are not so cops can go drag somebody in because you want them here faster. Warrants are because somebody chose to simply not come to court. Nothing in that record indicates that he chose to simply not come to court." Exhibit E, 3:21-4:7.

53. ADA Fiorenza reiterated that the reason she was requesting either a short adjournment or medical documentation providing some assurance of the defendant's whereabouts was due to his chronic history of failing to appear. The following colloquy ensued:

RESPONDENT:

[Ms. Sheck] is an officer of the court. She herself has documentation of it. There is no planet upon which she is obligated to share with you her client's medical records of any sort because you want it so you could feel comfortable. That is not the planet upon which we live. We are not doing that. She is an officer of the court who has made certain representations, period.

ADA FIORENZA: Understood, Judge. I have made my record.

RESPONDENT: You have made your record, and it's one that

you really should have really kept to yourself because it makes to [sic] sense, no sense,

whatsoever.

Exhibit E, 4:12-4:23.

People v S -P H and M

54. On October 13, 2022, Respondent presided over a calendar appearance in a criminal matter, *People v S* -*P* H and M M. The transcript of the appearance is appended as Exhibit F. ADA Vittoria Fiorenza appeared for the People, and the defendants were represented by Robert Gross and Spiro Ferris. (The ADA assigned to the case, Samantha Miller, had just returned to the office from leave to deal with a family emergency.)

- 55. The defendants were charged with possessing a firearm when the police stopped a motor vehicle in which they were occupants. While defendants H and M were being charged in Supreme Court, there was a third occupant who, as a juvenile, was being prosecuted in Family Court for possession of the same firearm. The attorneys for H and M argued that the case against their clients should be dismissed because they believed that the third individual had taken responsibility for and pleaded guilty to possessing the firearm. Exhibit F, 3:8-4:2.
- 56. At the time, ADA Miller had not been able to obtain Family Court records to confirm that the juvenile had been sentenced in his case, which the People believed was prerequisite to dismissing the charges against H and M
- 57. Respondent said at the appearance that the charges should be dismissed because the case only involved "one gun," and the separately-charged juvenile had already taken responsibility for possessing it. Respondent also voiced her displeasure that the DA's Office was not prepared to dismiss that day and had not yet confirmed that the juvenile had been sentenced, stating, "We have had this conversation on at least two appearances, likely three appearances."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Under New York Law, more than one person may jointly possess a weapon (Penal Law § 265.15(3), and multiple defendants may be prosecuted for possessing the same firearm.

Exhibit F, 4:9-4:13. The case was second-called after the lunch break for ADA Miller to appear.

- 58. At the second call, Respondent spoke sternly and in a raised voice at ADA Miller for emailing her at 2:02 PM that afternoon with a request that Respondent sign off on the "so ordered" subpoena she needed to access records from Family Court. Exhibit F, 8:2-8:8.
- 59. ADA Miller informed Respondent that the separately-charged juvenile had been sentenced one week prior, while she was out on leave, and that the DA's Office would not be able to dismiss the case against defendants H and unless and until they had proof of the disposition in Family Court. Exhibit F, 8:13-8:16. The following colloquy ensued:

RESPONDENT: Let's be clear. It is not that you can't. It's that your office chooses not to. There is nothing in the law preventing that. It's one gun, one gun, three

people. One person has already plead guilty,

right? Right?

ADA MILLER: Yes, Your Honor, and--

RESPONDENT: We are not going to talk at the same time. We are

not doing that. We are absolutely not doing that today. One person already pled guilty to the one gun. You know that. You have that. And either way, even if he was sentenced in (*sic*) last week, we are still here today. And the thing you did today after the first call is the thing you should

have done last week, right?

ADA MILLER: Your Honor, I was out last week for a family

emergency.

RESPONDENT: Oh, my goodness. So everything must stop. Do

you realize that there are implications to having

cases open? You do realize that, right?

ADA MILLER: Yes, Your Honor, I do realize that. But, I can't do

things that I am not present in New York for. I was out of state for a family emergency, and I am dealing with a family emergency, so I am not

going to--

RESPONDENT: Are you a solo practitioner?

ADA MILLER: No. I work for the District Attorney's Office. Exhibit F, 8:17-9:17.

60. Despite the fact that the juvenile had been sentenced only one week earlier while ADA Miller was out of the office dealing with a family emergency, Respondent described the actions of the DA's Office as "disingenuous and ridiculous" (Exhibit F, 10:9-10:10), accused the prosecution of "dragg[ing] their feet" and "not [doing] the bare minimum" (Exhibit F, 11:11-11:17), and stated that "the lack of any desire to get this done is mind blowing to me." Exhibit F,

61. In response to statements from Respondent and defense counsel that the case should be dismissed, ADA Miller again asserted that she was not in possession of any minutes or proof that would conclusively establish that the separately-charged juvenile had taken responsibility for possessing the firearm.

11:24-11:25.

Exhibit F, 13:12-13:17. The colloquy continued, during which Respondent again spoke to ADA Miller in a sarcastic and condescending manner:

RESPONDENT: "You can order minutes. I can get -- when I need

minutes, I get them. When defense counsel needs minute (*sic*), he gets them. What is stopping you from getting minutes? Help me understand? Please walk me through the life that you live. What is so difficult about getting minutes. It (*sic*)

been two months."

ADA MILLER: It hasn't been two months.

RESPONDENT: What efforts did anyone from your office take to

get minutes?

ADA MILLER: I don't have any record as to that, so I don't know.

RESPONDENT: What efforts did your office make at all to confirm

anything with respect to the codefendant? Because it was your office's record and representation that somebody took a plea, and that they were going to dismiss once he was sentenced. That came from

your office. So--

MR. FERRIS: I think maybe the hang-up, Judge, is, from the

People's perspective -- not that I am advocating for them, but I think they wanted -- they knew, they were aware that that person made an admission in Family Court, but they wanted to wait until that

individual was sentenced.

Exhibit F, 14:17-15:13.

62. The case was thereafter called a third time for ADA Miller's supervisor, ADA Michelle Villaverde, to appear. While ADA Miller called ADA

Villaverde from the courtroom and asked her to come down, Respondent was screaming.

- 63. When ADA Villaverde arrived, ADA Miller was crying outside the courtroom.
- 64. After speaking with ADA Miller, ADA Villaverde entered the courtroom and explained to Respondent, off the record, that ADA Miller had just returned to the office after dealing with a family emergency. Respondent stated, in sum and substance, "I don't care what her issues are."
- 65. Respondent eventually signed the "so-ordered" subpoena and stated, "And I am putting it on for dismissal. At this point, it seems very clear that the intention is that once the defendant is sentenced, these cases are being dismissed." The case was then adjourned. Exhibit F, 16:7-16:15.

# People v J

66. On March 23, 2022, Respondent presided over a criminal matter via Microsoft Teams in *People v J*, which was on the calendar for a possible disposition. The People were represented by ADA Jillian Castrellon. The defendant was represented by Nancy Ginsburg. The transcript of the appearance is appended as Exhibit G.

- 67. The defendant, a 16-year-old, was charged with assault, criminal possession of a weapon and other related charges for shooting his ex-girlfriend in the face, which blinded her in one eye.
- 68. ADA Castrellon stated that, following a conference with her supervisors, she was recommending three and a half years in prison, based on the seriousness of the case as well as the existence of a prior history of domestic violence between the victim and defendant, which involved the defendant hitting and throwing the victim down a flight of stairs. Exhibit G, 3:16-3:20, 5:4-5:13.
- 69. Defense counsel requested that the defendant be adjudicated a Youthful Offender and sentenced to probation (<u>Exhibit G</u>), 3:7-3:9, pointing out that he had voluntarily completed two programs on his own. <u>Exhibit G</u>, 6:18-6:19.
- 70. Respondent took issue with ADA Castrellon's recommendation of a prison sentence and asked why she had not requested that the defendant participate in a program:

I'm just, always, um, just -- I guess I am a little confused, when there is someone who is alleged to have done something . . . they are out . . . engaging in services, they are not getting rearrested, um, no one's coming in here asking for anything to change because of any issue or concern, and then the People's position is jail -- several years jail.

Exhibit G, 7:3-7:10.

- 71. Respondent again asked ADA Castrellon to state the basis for her prison recommendation and asked if the DA's Office "take[s] into consideration that it is the Youth Part, or is that just not a part of [sic] analysis?" ADA Castrellon stated that this was a factor the DA's Office took into consideration. Exhibit G, 9:3-9:7.
- 72. When ADA Castrellon opposed giving the defendant youthful offender treatment given the facts of the case, Respondent asked: "what do you have to support that position as an attorney? You have a complainant who has at least at one point said she did shoot herself." Exhibit G, 9:17-9:24.6
- 73. ADA Castrellon responded that she did not believe the shooting was accidental based on conversations she had with the victim, which she could not "ignore" despite the fact that the victim was uncooperative. She reiterated that the victim had lost vision in one eye and had survived "by an act of God." Exhibit G, 9:25-10:13. The following ensued:

**RESPONDENT:** 

But that's why it -- I am also a little confused -- it's so serious, it's so bad, there is a history of domestic violence, according to the People, but yet he is literally not asked to do anything by the People. The People's position is he's arrested, he's charged, he comes to court, and at the end the [sic] everything what he does is services on his own, then jail because it is so terrible. If what he did was so bad -- if the People truly believe there

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Notwithstanding a prior statement by the victim that she had shot herself, at this point the defendant had been indicted by a grand jury for the shooting.

is a history of domestic violence, please tell me, help me [sic] why the People's position is also to not ask him to do anything. Tell me how to

understand that.

ADA CASTRELLON: Judge, I am not a DV Assistant. It was not

coming in as DV.

RESPONDENT: The representation you have made, based upon

the representations you have made, you have the case for several months now. So, whether you are a DV Assistant or not, if you are going to come into this court and talk about there is a history of domestic violence, you are going to have to explain to me why there's that history and the

People don't do anything to address it.

ADA CASTRELLON: Judge, I am happy to look into a program that

would be available for him to complete with

respect to --

RESPONDENT: A year later, after he's done a program on his

own? Do you hear yourself?

ADA CASTRELLON: Well, Judge --

RESPONDENT: And let's also be clear. You're not a DV

Assistant. Let's also be abundantly clear, DV is not for people that fight frequently, DV is about control, it is not just about people that are fighting each other. So let's be very careful with the language we use, especially when there's been nothing on the People's side that has been done to address the issues. Nothing. Nothing at all. So, to -- on one hand to do nothing to address the issues, then to come in to court and say because it was so bad, it was so horrible, he needs to be in jail for 3 years. I would love for your office to recognize how disconnected and ridiculous that is. It's one thing if you were standing here saying

there's a history of domestic violence and we ask for a program. He's been -- or something -- but instead it's acknowledging he's complied with every program he did on his own. There's been no new incidents. But then you're just throwing all over the record there is a history of domestic violence. Then when I asked you anything about the specific domestic violence, well, I am not a DV assistant. You can't have it every which way. Pick a position and stick with it. And everything you say in this courtroom should be based upon good faith. You can't just say there is a history of domestic violence because they fought...it would really make more sense to me if you could at least put on the record one thing that was done to address that issue.

#### Exhibit G, 10:14-12:22.

- 74. ADA Castrellon answered Respondent's insinuation that she had acted in bad faith by stating that she had interviewed the victim in her office and had viewed photographs that corroborated the prior instances of abuse.

  Respondent replied by again asking why the defendant was not being "asked to do anything to address that?" Exhibit G, 13:1-13:14.
- 75. Respondent went on to state, "I don't understand this whole -defendant's out -- doing what they are supposed to be doing -- still very much a
  child -- and the only answer the People ever have is several years jail." <u>Exhibit G</u>,
  14:8-14-12.
- 76. Respondent said she was going to adjourn the case for "whoever you conferenced [the case] with" to "log on and maybe help me understand, because I

don't," and opined, "I can't say with any certainty that he intentionally shot her in the face because, (a), I wasn't there, and (b), the complainant, at least at one point said she did it to herself." Exhibit G, 14:13-15:4.

77. Respondent added, "I'm going to do a short date for whoever made the final determination that 3 years jail for this child is, um, is the only appropriate outcome they can think of, they need to appear and explain to me why." Exhibit G, 15:10-15:13.

# <u>People v J</u> and People v W $\underline{A}$

- 78. On November 7, 2022, Respondent presided over a calendar appearance in a criminal matter, *People v J* . The People were represented by ADA Katerina Kurteva, who was covering the cases in Respondent's calendar part for the DA's office that day. Ms. Kurteva was six months pregnant. The defendant was represented by Mirela Kucevic.
- 79. At a bench conference off the record, Respondent commented on ADA Kurteva's pregnancy in a cavalier manner that made ADA Kurteva uncomfortable.
- 80. Later that day, Respondent presided over a calendar appearance in another criminal matter,  $People\ v\ W$  . The People were represented by ADA Kurteva and the defendant was represented by Michael Nedick.

81. At an off-record bench conference, Respondent urged ADA Kurteva to take a particular action on the case. When ADA Kurteva informed Respondent that the ADA assigned to the case had specifically instructed her not to take the action Respondent wanted, Respondent again referred to her pregnancy and suggested she could use the fact that she was pregnant for leeway with male supervisors.

#### Other Matters

- 82. In April or May 2022, Administrative Judge Alvin Yearwood counseled Respondent that her conduct "might look as if you're advocating," and instructed her to "take it easy" on the ADAs who appear before her.
- 83. By reason of the foregoing, Respondent should be disciplined for cause, pursuant to Article VI, Section 22, subdivision (a), of the Constitution and Section 44, subdivision 1, of the Judiciary Law, in that Respondent failed to uphold the integrity and independence of the judiciary by failing to maintain high standards of conduct so that the integrity and independence of the judiciary would be preserved, in violation of Section 100.1 of the Rules of the Chief Administrator of the Courts Governing Judicial Conduct ("Rules"); failed to avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety, in that she failed to respect and comply with the law and failed to act in a manner that promotes public confidence in the integrity and impartiality of the judiciary, in violation of Section 100.2(A) of the

Rules; and failed to perform the duties of judicial office impartially and diligently, in that she failed to be faithful to the law and maintain professional competence in it, in violation of Section 100.3(B)(1) of the Rules, failed to be patient, dignified and courteous to lawyers with whom she deals in an official capacity, in violation of Section 100.3(B)(3) of the Rules, failed to perform her judicial duties without bias or prejudice against or in favor of any person, in violation of Section 100.3(B)(4) of the Rules, and failed to accord to every person who has a legal interest in a proceeding, or that person's lawyer, the right to be heard according to law, in violation of Section 100.3(B)(6) of the Rules.

#### **Additional Factors**

- 84. Respondent has been contrite and cooperative with the Commission throughout this inquiry. She regrets her behavior and apologizes to the individual attorneys named herein, the District Attorney's Office, and her judicial colleagues. Respondent does so with the understanding that such apology would become public upon the Commission's acceptance of this Agreed Statement, and with the commitment to refrain from such behavior in the future.
- 85. Respondent has an otherwise unblemished record during her approximately six years on the bench.

IT IS FURTHER STIPULATED AND AGREED that Respondent withdraws from her Answer any denials or defenses inconsistent with this Agreed Statement of Facts.

IT IS FURTHER STIPULATED AND AGREED that the parties to this Agreed Statement of Facts respectfully recommend to the Commission that the appropriate sanction is public Censure based upon the judicial misconduct set forth above.

IT IS FURTHER STIPULATED AND AGREED that if the Commission accepts this Agreed Statement of Facts, the parties waive oral argument and waive further submissions to the Commission as to the issues of misconduct and sanction, and that the Commission shall thereupon impose a public Censure without further submission of the parties, based solely upon this Agreed Statement. If the Commission rejects this Agreed Statement of Facts, the matter shall proceed to a hearing and the statements made herein shall not be used by the Commission, the Respondent or the Administrator and Counsel to the Commission.

Dated: April 21, 2025

No

Honorable Naita A. Semaj

Respondent

Dated: April 21, 2025

Robert H. Tembeckjian

Administrator & Counsel to the Commission (Mark Levine and Eric Arnone, Of Counsel)

# **EXHIBIT A**

1	SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF BRONX: CRIMINAL TERM: PART FYP 32
2	X
3	PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,
4	INDICTMENT NO against - 70435/21
5	S S S
6	Defendant.
7	x
8	265 East 161st Street
9	Bronx, New York 10451 April 1, 2022
10	
11	BEFORE:
12	HONORABLE NAITA A. SEMAJ,
13	Justice of the Supreme Court
14	APPEARANCES:
15	DARCEL D. CLARK, ESQ.
16	DISTRICT ATTORNEY, BRONX COUNTY BY: JOSHUA COUCE & ILYA KHARKOVER, ESQS.
17	Assistant District Attorney
18	
19	YOUTH DEFENSE CENTER
20	Attorney for the Defendant BY: WALTER FIELDS, ESQ.
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	Shavonn Eason Senior Court Reporter

#### PROCEEDINGS

1	THE CLERK: Come to order. Part FYP 32 is back
2	in session. The Honorable Naita Semaj presiding.
3	We are appearing in person.
4	This is Number 9 on the FYP 32 calendar,
5	Indictment 70435/21, S
6	Appearances, please.
7	MR. FIELDS: Walter Fields, F-I-E-L-D-S,
8	appearing for S S , for the Youth Defense Center.
9	Good afternoon.
10	MR. COUCE: And Josh Couce, C-O-U-C-E, for the
11	People, Your Honor.
12	Ilya Kharkover for the Honorable Darcel Clark.
13	First name is spelled, I-L-Y-A; last name is
14	K-H-A-R-K-O-V-E-R.
15	Good afternoon, Your Honor.
16	Good afternoon, everybody.
17	THE COURT: Good afternoon. You can have a seat.
18	So it's my understanding the People's offer in
19	this case is seven years jail.
20	MR. KHARKOVER: That's right, Your Honor.
21	THE COURT: Help me understand how you got there.
22	MR. KHARKOVER: This is attempted murder. It's a
23	very strong case. He shot at somebody more than one time
24	as they're fleeing. It's an appropriate offer, Your Honor.
25	THE COURT: Have you seen the video?

#### PROCEEDINGS

1	MR. KHARKOVER: Yes.
2	THE COURT: Okay. So in the video you don't see
3	the two people come into the store as Mr. S
4	store; they come into the store with their hands in their
5	pocket, clearly, as if they have something. They
6	immediately approach Mr. S ; take whatever is in
7	their pocket out. One of them, they bigger dude, has
8	something that's, at least, 7 inches long. The other guy
9	has something, immediately, starts looking like he's trying
10	to stab Mr. S in the side.
11	Help me understand how the only attempted murder
12	you see is the one Mr. S excuse me. Help me
13	understand. So you're so concerned about violence? What
14	happened with those two because they, clearly, came into
15	the store with weapons
16	MR. KHARKOVER: Okay.
17	THE COURT: with weapons. Attempted to
18	immediately start stabbing Mr. S
19	Did you see that part in the video?
20	MR. KHARKOVER: Yes, Judge, but what about when
21	they flee and he shoots after them; is anybody stabbing him
22	then?
23	THE COURT: Are you serious right now?
24	MR. KHARKOVER: No, I mean, why is it okay that

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he fires after --

#### PROCEEDINGS

1	THE COURT: Why is it okay that somebody gets to
2	walk into a store, corner somebody and try do stab them?
3	Because, basically, the message your office sends, every
4	single day, is that it's okay to do whatever you want to do
5	as long as you don't have a gun.
6	MR. KHARKOVER: Your Honor
7	THE COURT: Don't come in here and ask me is that
8	okay? None of it's okay.
9	MR. KHARKOVER: Okay.
10	THE COURT: None of it's okay. But I'm the one
11	who realizes that; you don't.
12	MR. KHARKOVER: I agree.
13	THE COURT: Seven years jail?
14	MR. KHARKOVER: Correct. Your Honor
15	THE COURT: If there was a gun. The first
16	everything started with the two individuals who, clearly,
17	came into the store looking for a problem
18	MR. KHARKOVER: Is it
19	THE COURT: They found it. Did they not?
20	MR. KHARKOVER: Is it over once they leave?
21	THE COURT: Did you pursue it? Did you pursue
22	those people? There's video. Did you guys pursue those
23	two individuals?
24	(At this time, there is a pause in the
25	proceedings.)

1	THE COURT: Did you pursue those two individuals?
2	
	MR. KHARKOVER: I'm trying to find out the answer
3	to Your Honor's question.
4	THE COURT: Well, you should know the answer.
5	MR. KHARKOVER: It's not my case, Your Honor.
6	THE COURT: Prior to determining but you have
7	something to do with the offer and prior to determining
8	MR. KHARKOVER: Actually, I didn't.
9	THE COURT: You're going to stop talking when I
10	start talking.
11	MR. KHARKOVER: Yeah, okay.
12	THE COURT: Prior to determining something's an
13	appropriate offer you should make it your business to have
14	all the information.
15	MR. KHARKOVER: Your Honor
16	THE COURT: Prior to me saying anything I make it
17	my business to read everything the People have presented;
18	to see the videos; before I say anything.
19	MR. KHARKOVER: Your Honor
20	THE COURT: So don't sit here and tell me "I'm
21	tying to find out." This is not the point in the game
22	where you investigate and figure it all out; you should
23	know that on the front end
24	MR. KHARKOVER: Your Honor
25	THE COURT: You've had more time than I've had to

#### PROCEEDINGS

1	figure out what
2	MR. KHARKOVER: That's not accurate at all. You
3	summoned me; I ran right over me here
4	THE COURT: You didn't run anywhere. You didn't
5	run anywhere
6	MR. KHARKOVER: You wouldn't let me I was in
7	the middle of a division meeting
8	THE COURT: I wouldn't let you speak to him
9	outside? Oh, I'm so sorry.
10	MR. KHARKOVER: No. You wouldn't.
11	THE COURT: I'm sorry.
12	MR. KHARKOVER: And you called the case
13	immediately upon me arriving here.
14	THE COURT: I'm so sorry. Because the reality is
15	you were asked to appear because there was already,
16	already, a discussion about possible disposition and based
17	on the discussion your office decided that seven years jail
18	is appropriate, which means there should be nothing for you
19	to figure out and discuss because you already should have
20	all the information prior to deciding that this young
21	person should sit in jail for seven years based on what I
22	just saw on video. So I'm going to need you to help me

should already have the information.

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MR. KHARKOVER: Your Honor, this isn't the only

understand, without having to inquire, because, again, you

case in our bureau. I spoke to the chief before coming over here. I wanted an opportunity to speak to Mr. Couce outside the courtroom. I wasn't given that opportunity. I'm looking at the plea board which was just sent to me in a text message. I'm trying to have an opportunity to review it.

Your Honor, all I can say is I don't think that once the conduct that Your Honor is characterizing as the initial aggressor -- and I agree with you; let's assume that they are the initial aggressor -- once that's over and they're leaving the bodega what's --

THE COURT: First, it's not a bodega, it's a phone store.

MR. KHARKOVER: I'm sorry?

THE COURT: It's not a bodega, it's a phone store.

MR. KHARKOVER: Okay. Once they're leaving this store what gives this defendant the right to then fire at them once the aggression is over, at that point?

THE COURT: So help me understand what gave them the right to try to stab him? Because, clearly, your office is, basically, saying that's cool; no worries there; that's, totally, fine; they didn't have a gun. But it's clear they walked in there and within seconds of getting into the store they start stabbing at him.

MR. KHARKOVER: My understanding is that the defendant's not interested in a jail offer, at all. I think, originally, the offer was five and five.

THE COURT: That's not the answer to my question.

You're focusing on what he did. I'm trying to understand how it's okay that they walk into a store -- because they're not pursuing something and they're not even factoring that in -- and even the way the felony complaint was drafted. The felony complaint was drafted-- if somebody was just reading this and didn't have the video it reads as if Mr. S decided to get into a fight with these people and randomly during the fight he decides I'm going to shoot you.

That is not what happened. And your office knew that's not what happened at the time you drafted this. So this was drafted with every intent of making it look as if the only person who was doing something wrong was this individual (indicating) when that is, absolutely, not the case and you knew that from the front end.

MR. KHARKOVER: Your Honor, the video was played in the grand jury. There's no question that the grand jury is aware of the full content of -- and a justification charge was given to the grand jury, as well.

THE COURT: What does that have to do with your office's offer?

MR. COUCE: Your Honor, if you look at the video you would see the one individual who's shot doesn't produce anything from his pocket and the second individual, who produces something from his pocket, Mr. S wouldn't have been able to see, by the way that his head was turned, as that object was behind him. He would have had no opportunity to be able to see that object.

THE COURT: I'm sorry, are you putting on the record that Mr. S , there's no way he knew somebody was trying to stab him so him shooting at that person -- is that what you're trying to say; that he didn't know that somebody was trying to stab him?

One guy comes in on this side of him

(indicating), on the left side of him; the other one comes
in on the right side of him. They both take their hands
out of their pocket. The smaller one who comes on the
right side of him immediately goes to his side and is going
like this (indicating). So whether he stabbed him or not
he's, clearly, trying to.

The other one takes something out of his pocket that is, at least, at least, 7 inches long. You can see it the moment he takes it out. They both come into -- are you -- are you kidding me right now?

MR. COUCE: Your Honor, that's what happened, at that point, but then, as you can see in the video from

behind the register, the two individuals then flee the location. Mr. S raises --

THE COURT: They only flee because they see the gun. It's not as if they stopped -- you know what, you know what, I'm sorry, my bad, didn't mean to do that, I'm going to leave now and he's, like, wait a minute, I'm going to shoot. No. This is all very, very, quick. They flee because he manages to free himself from the one who's trying to hold onto him and stab him while the other one is coming at him. He releases himself and he's able to get the gun out. That's when they run. They don't attempt to leave at all. They don't stop touching him. They don't turn around. Nothing. Until he takes out the gun.

MR. KHARKOVER: Your Honor, are you saying that displaying that firearm was sufficient in getting them to run away? Because I agree with Your Honor that that was sufficient in --

THE COURT: No. No, no, no. I'm saying it appears to me the only reason they stopped their attack is because he took out that gun.

MR. KHARKOVER: I agree with Your Honor. So then firing the round is an act of vengeance so, now, it's after the fact --

THE COURT: Not when it all --

MR. KHARKOVER: He's now safe.

M. Minimoville. He s now sai

THE COURT: -- not when it all happens in a 1 2 matter of seconds. Are you kidding me? MR. KHARKOVER: I disagree with Your Honor. 3 THE COURT: This wasn't as if he took out the gun 4 5 and then, la, la, la, la, let me see what's going on, 6 oh, wait, they're still here, let me get them. That's not 7 what happened. This is a short video. It all happens very 8 fast. It all happens extremely fast. 9 MR. COUCE: Your Honor, there's also additional 10 video --11 THE COURT: I'm sorry? 12 MR. COUCE: There's also additional video showing 13 chasing after the individual outside the 14 store. 15 THE COURT: Which means absolutely nothing to me because you have not provided that. So, there's that. 16 17 was only provided with video from inside the store. And 18 the fact that he's chasing down the person -- because one 19 of them cross the street -- he went to the left and chased 20 down the one who went to the left because one of them 21 crossed the street and went straight ahead. 22 MR. COUCE: Yes. 23 THE COURT: He chased down the person who goes to 24 the left. The fact that he's chasing down the person who,

quite frankly, tried to kill him, is not, necessarily, mind

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1	blowing and strange. The people, they, clearly, came into
2	the store to attack him (indicating). How do we go from
3	that to seven years jail? That is what I need to
4	understand. You can't keep just telling me, well, he had a
5	gun. Well, the people who came in the store, very
6	obviously, and, very clearly, had weapons. Very clearly.
7	MR. KHARKOVER: If he just displayed the firearm,
8	I, totally, agree with Your Honor, this would be a
9	different offer.
10	But, for what it's worth, is the defendant
11	interested in five years?
12	MR. FIELDS: Was that addressed to me?
13	THE COURT: You're not going to answer that.
14	What you are going to do is step out of my
15	courtroom.
16	MR. KHARKOVER: Absolutely.
17	THE COURT: Have a great day. Thank you.
18	Because you are, clearly, clearly, a waste of
19	everything.
20	MR. KHARKOVER: Clearly.
21	THE COURT: That makes no sense.
22	MR. KHARKOVER: Clearly.
23	THE COURT: And do not return.
24	MR. KHARKOVER: Clearly. Clearly.
25	(At this time, ADA Kharkover exits the

1 courtroom.)

THE COURT: Well, at best, the position of their office is disingenuous and completely inappropriate. To step foot in here and pretend that there's been a full consideration of the facts and circumstances and at the end of it that's how you got to seven years jail is nonsense. It is complete nonsense. I am disgusted. That is, absolutely, insane.

His attitude -- he need not ever step foot in this part again. As a matter of fact, I'm going to ask you to ask the chief to come speak to me about him because that's not how this works. This is not a back-and-forth discussion. We're not talking on the block. He didn't even know if it was a bodega or a phone store. He doesn't have facts straight.

But the reality is if you're going to make an offer it should be based on all of the facts; all of the circumstances. It really should. It should not be based on just a snapshot of a moment in time. Context matters. Context 100 percent matters.

Seven years jail based on what I saw in this video? I am not excusing the fact that he had a gun.

There is nothing in the firing of the gun that seems as if it's anything besides panic. I don't even see how you

gather intent to do anything besides stop the attack. Stop the attack. I don't see how you even get there.

This whole position that your office is taking that you want to grandstand: Lock them all up. Anybody that has a gun, lock them all up. The problem is everybody else who's doing all these other horrible things; who's randomly attacking people in the street; just because they don't have a gun you're, basically, giving all those people a free pass and that sends a horrible message. And if you don't realize that you need to really think about why you're here and why you're even bothering to show up at work because it shouldn't be just about putting people who have a gun in jail because the two guys who walked into this phone store were going in there to hurt him (indicating). You cannot tell me they were going in there to do anything besides trying to kill him (indicating). But no one gives a damn about that.

And when I say no one I mean the People; your office; or the NYPD because no one cares. Instead, you filed these complaints where it just looks as if he's, literally, standing around causing a problem and pulling out a gun.

There should be a good faith basis for every single thing an attorney steps into a courtroom and says on the record. Every single thing. It should never be: My

supervisor told me to or, well, this is what they said.
There should be a good faith basis. Because regardless as
whether you started as an ADA yesterday, last week or last
month, you're a lawyer. You're a lawyer. And lawyers
should never walk into a courtroom and make an argument
that's not based on good faith.
Seven years jail is 100 percent bad faith. This
complaint, the way it's drafted, is 100 percent bad faith.
It's complete nonsense.

And then for him to turn around and: Is he interested in five years jail? How dare he?

Anything anybody wants to put on the record?

Nothing? Okay.

And how do you know that somebody was, actually, shot?

MR. COUCE: Because the victim went to the hospital. We have medical records; we have video surveillance. We have the medical records. We have --

THE COURT: So since you had the video surveillance what is the reason why that person wasn't arrested? They went into a store; immediately started attacking somebody with a weapon. What is the reason why that person was, essentially, given a free pass? Help me understand that.

MR. COUCE: I can't control what the New York

City Police Department does and whether or not they decide to arrest someone or not. I'm not going to put myself at risk and tell the New York City Police Department to arrest someone; that is their prerogative to do. We know who the individual is and, with that, the facts are before the police department and it's before them to make a decision on whether or not they want to charge anyone or not.

But based upon looking at that I believe the only thing you would be able to charge that individual with; the individual who was shot and who we know of; is an attempted assault, which is a B misdemeanor.

THE COURT: But it's still a crime.

MR. COUCE: And it's a New York City --

not the first time that this happened in this part.

Somebody has very clearly committed an unprovoked, violent, crime, on camera, and, seemingly, the only reason why there's no criminal case against them and why nobody cares about where they were is because they didn't use a gun while doing it. As somebody who lives in the Bronx, that is, absolutely, disgusting and disturbing because the message is so I can walk outside and somebody could beat me down but, you know, if they don't have a gun nobody might even care to arrest them. That is a problem. That is a problem.

So it's great that y'all want to send a message that you're getting guns off the street but there's still other crime. And to just turn a blind eye to other crime; I can't even begin to wrap my brain around it.

MR. COUCE: Your Honor, I've spoken with the detective in trying to identify the other individual who came into the store and they weren't able to. They were able to identify the other person who was shot. But, again, the only thing that I, personally, think that you could be able to make out against that individual is a B misdemeanor. I can't control the New York City Police Department.

THE COURT: I'm not concerned with the type of charge; I'm concerned with the fact that you have three people on camera committing crimes and only one is in a courtroom for it.

MR. COUCE: Your Honor, again --

THE COURT: That's my problem. Especially since the one who's in the courtroom for it is not the one who instigated it; is not the one who pursued the problem; is not the one who came with someone else for backup. It's the person who was in the store just waiting for help and people come in and attack them and in defending themselves end up here and ends up seven years jail.

It boggles my mind that y'all really believe that

that somehow makes sense. It's amazing to me that y'all really believe that makes sense.

MR. FIELDS: I just want to be clear, Your Honor,
Mr. S is not 19; he's 18 years old. At the time of
the event he was 17 years old. The last time we were here
I was told that the handling ADA had watched the video. I
have watched it and I know the Court has to move on to
other things; I just want to make it clear what was in the
video.

Mr. S 's in a phone store with his back turned toward the door. The door opens. Two individuals walk through the door. At some point, Mr. S is alerted that they're behind him. He turns around. The two individuals have their hands in their pockets. One reaches for something. Mr. S backs up into a corner then it looks like a blade is being produced by one of the gentlemen and the other gentlemen takes out a long object of, at least, nine -- it looks like eight or nine inches. They're making a stabbing motion towards Mr. S 's stomach area, and coincidentally, he has marks on his stomach area in the same area that he was being stabbed in.

The complaint that I read and the resuscitation of the handling D.A. I don't think belies what happened on that day. And I, definitely, as I've said before, I don't think that this is the kind of a case where a prolonged

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period of prison time for a young man that was 17 years old is called for.

He is building his life. We were talking outside. He does have a very involved mother. I think this is the kind of young man that things happened in the heat of the moment, so to speak. And I think this video is very short. From start to finish, this is not a long video. This is not a long incident.

THE COURT: But that's part of what disturbs me 's actions were, very so much is that Mr. S obviously, in the heat of the moment. The response to panic, fight or flight, it was very much that. The actions of the people who came into the store; it was very planned. It was very intentional. It was very thoughtful. They came into the store together and immediately separated so that one was on each side of Mr. S They came in for the purposes of attacking Mr. S Mr. S whatever he did, was 100 percent, based on the video, 100 percent in response to panic and trying to save self. 100 percent. There's no part of that -- this whole, well, he didn't have to chase them -- the video is a short. It's 57 seconds. He's running out after them and there's no indication, you know, that he sat inside and was, like, this isn't safe; well they're gone, now, I'm good, I should stay right here.

Have you ever panicked in your life? That's not
what happens. There's nothing about it that would give me
the impression that Mr. S was thinking thoughtfully
about what he was doing or what he was going to do.
Everything in that video reeks of Mr. S trying to
save himself and trying to stop anything else from
happening. The same cannot be said for those two other
people would went in the store. The same cannot be said of
them at all.

And with all of that in mind, the facts of seven years jail is what y'all have the audacity to come in here with a straight face and then try to talk to me like I'm an idiot and I don't get it. On what planet?

MR. COUCE: Your Honor, there's also additional video surveillance.

THE COURT: Which you need not tell me about because you have not provided it me.

MR. COUCE: But, Your Honor, that's part of this case.

THE COURT: First off, let's be, absolutely, clear. The fact that you tell me a video shows X or Y means nothing to me because it's already -- obviously, because the way the felony complaint is drafted. And it's already -- obviously, the way you described the video that we've all saw; that you, your office, chooses to see things

through a certain lens and once you've decided who the bad guy is then that's the lens you stick with. Because I've watched the same videos that you've watched and, clearly, walked away with different impressions. So you telling me what a video shows means nothing to me. Either you provide the video and I get to determine for myself what the video shows or we're not talking about it.

MR. COUCE: I can provide the video, Your Honor, if you'd like to see it.

THE COURT: And if it's a video of him running down the street after the person who just tried to stab him multiple times --

MR. COUCE: There's video before this incident that shows Mr. S looking over his shoulder multiple times outside of the store as if someone was about to come in. And before this you can see in these videos, you can see as soon as these individuals are in his sight he's already reaching for the firearm in his waistband.

THE COURT: I'm sorry. Again, just so we're clear, he is looking towards the door of the store, yes, looking nervous. Looking nervous as if something might be happening. As they come towards the door; as they open the door, the dude, the bigger guy, immediately has his hands in his pocket like he's holding something. The fact that Mr. See responded to that by putting his hand in his

pocket; what's the take away supposed to be? Because everything about the way they entered the store was they were about to do something. So... what?

MR. COUCE: Your Honor, I can only speak to the

facts and our interpretation of them and this is an issue of fact that we can put before a jury. It was put before a grand jury; the grand jury was read the justification instruction. They observed the video, firsthand, and they felt, based upon that, there was reasonable cause to believe that Mr. Shad committed Attempted Murder in the Second Degree and Criminal Use of a Firearm in the First Degree.

THE COURT: But you know what was not put in front of a grand jury and you know what was not ever drafted and you know what will never, ever, be before a jury? Is anything that those individuals did to him (indicating). Why? Because everybody decided that's fine. Got it. Okay.

Short date for possible disposition?

MR. FIELDS: Short date for possible disposition.

THE COURT: Does he work or is he in school?

MR. FIELDS: We'll take a short date any time the Court has.

THE COURT: You know what, Monday.

MR. FIELDS: Monday is fine.

MR. COUCE: Your Honor, I'm out all of next week.

I can have someone cover it, if you would like.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. COUCE: I'd prefer to be here, though. If we can put it over for the next week, I'm in Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday of the following week.

THE COURT: No, because I'm not inclined to continue to have this hang over his head; I'm not inclined to do this. Because I would go out for three months; six months; if I thought there was any possibility that your office would wake up and realize the nonsense that is coming from that side of the courtroom but since that is, absolutely, not going to happen, no. Monday.

MR. COUCE: Your Honor, I would be willing to take this to the Deputy Division Chief and Division Chief to re-conference it with them if that's what Your Honor's asking me to do?

THE COURT: I'm not asking you to do anything because, as far as I'm concerned, the representative of the higher ups was already in here and everything about his attitude; everything about his demeanor; everything about it reeked of they didn't care and he wasn't moving from the seven years. And for him to end it with: Would he be willing to take five years? What are we doing? What are we doing? It's a waste of everyone's time. There's no

1	reason to drag something on when we know the ending is
2	going to be same.
3	Your office has made it clear what their position
4	is. Your office has made it, abundantly, clear to me and,
5	probably, everybody else in the Bronx, do whatever you want
6	to do just don't have a gun in your hand. Beat people to a
7	pulp in the street; stab them in a store; go for it; as
8	long as you don't have a gun in your hand we're not worried
9	about it. That's the message that your office is sending.
10	Just so you're, absolutely, clear, that is the message your
11	office is sending and I'm not going to be complicit in the
12	nonsense, at all.
13	12 o'clock Monday, in person, possible
14	disposition.
15	Have a good night.
16	MR. FIELDS: Thank you, Your Honor.
17	MR. COUCE: Thank you, Your Honor.
18	* * * *
19	Certified to be a true and accurate record of the
20	above proceedings.
21	Shaw Lan
22	Shavonn Eason
23	Senior Court Reporter

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# **EXHIBIT B**

1	SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF BRONX: CRIMINAL TERM: PART FYP 32
2	X
3	PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,
4	INDICTMENT NO against - 70435/21
5	S S S
6	Defendant.
7	x
8	265 E 161 Street
9	Bronx, New York 10451 April 5, 2022
10	
11	BEFORE:
12	HONORABLE NAITA A. SEMAJ,
13	Justice of the Supreme Court
14	APPEARANCES:
15	DARCEL D. CLARK, ESQ.
16	DISTRICT ATTORNEY, BRONX COUNTY BY: MARY JO BELANCHARD, ESQ.
17	Assistant District Attorney
18	
19	YOUTH DEFENSE CENTER 187 E. 163rd Street
20	Bronx, New York 10451
21	BY: WALTER FIELDS, ESQ.
22	
23	
24	
25	Shavonn Eason Senior Court Reporter

1	THE COURT: Good afternoon. Come to order. Par
2	FYP 32 is back in session. The Honorable Naita Semaj
3	presiding.
4	This is Number 16 on the FYP 32 calendar,
5	Indictment 70435/21, S
6	Appearances please.
7	MR. FIELDS: Walter Fields, F-I-E-L-D-S,
8	appearing for S S for the Youth Defense Center.
9	Good afternoon, Your Honor.
10	MS. BELANCHARD: Mary Jo Belanchard,
11	B-E-L-A-N-C-H-A-R-D for the Office of the District
12	Attorney.
13	Good afternoon.
14	THE COURT: Good afternoon.
15	So this was on for possible disposition and,
16	People, is it correct that your office is requiring that
17	Mr. S plead to the entire indictment?
18	MS. BELANCHARD: That is correct, Your Honor.
19	THE COURT: Okay. And is there a particular
20	reason why that's being requested on this case?
21	MS. BELANCHARD: Your Honor, the People oppose
22	the offer that the Court is looking to extend to the
23	defendant.
24	Under the CPL, the People have to consent to any
25	disposition that's less than the entirety of the

1	indictment. We are not consenting to this disposition,
2	therefore, we are requiring a plea to the entire
3	indictment.
4	THE COURT: Okay. So the reason why you're
5	asking him to plead to the entire indictment is because you
6	can, essentially?
7	MS. BELANCHARD: We do not agree with the
8	disposition being offered by the Court.
9	THE COURT: All right.
10	So while I understand that your client is still
11	interested in the offer and willing to plead to the entire
12	indictment that's not what was previously discussed and I
13	do want to make sure that he is making an informed decision
14	and that he has time to really think about what he's doing
15	so we're going to put this over for May 12 at 10:00 a.m.
16	for possible disposition.
17	MR. FIELDS: Does the Court have 12 o'clock?
18	THE COURT: That's fine. Can you do 11:30?
19	MR. FIELDS: I could do 11:30.
20	THE COURT: All right, 11:30 on May 12.
21	Thank you.
22	* * * *
23	Certified to be a true and accurate record of the
24	above proceedings. Shavonn Eason
<u> </u>	Shavonn Eason
25	Senior Court Reporter

## **EXHIBIT C**

1	SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK	
2	BRONX COUNTY: CRIMINAL TERM: PART-77	
3		Κ
4	THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,	: : IND. NO.
5	-against:	: 72878-2022
6	Karana Carana,	•
7	<pre>Defendant(s:)</pre>	•
8	October 14, 2022	K
9	0000001 11, 2022	
LO	Bronx Supreme Court 265 East 161st Street,	
L1	Bronx, New York, 10451	
L2	BEFORE:	
L3	THE HONORABLE NAITA SEMAJ,	ГІСЕ
L4	APPEARANCES:	
L5	DARCEL D. CLARK,	
L6	District Attorney, Bronx Count BY: ASHLEY CLEMENT, ESQ.,	ty
L7	Assistant District Attor	rney
L8	LEGAL AID SOCIETY:	
L9	BY: MONICA DULA, ESQ. Attorney for the Defenda	ant
20		
21		
22		
23	LORNA BEG	
24	Senior Co	ourt Reporter

## Proceedings

1	COURT CLERK: Calling numbers 7, 8 and 9 on the
2	calendar, Karama Caram, indictment number 72878 of '22.
3	Let the record reflect the defendant is present.
4	Appearances, please.
5	MS. DULA: Monica Dula for the Office of Twyla
6	Carter. Good morning, everyone.
7	MS. CLEMENT: Good morning. ADA Clement for the
8	People.
9	Can I just have one moment, Your Honor, please?
10	(Pause in the proceedings).
11	THE COURT: Are you ready?
12	MS. CLEMENT: Yes.
13	THE COURT: This matter is on for decision. Have
14	you received a copy of the decision?
15	MS. DULA: Yes. Thank you.
16	THE COURT: So the defendant's motion to dismiss
17	is granted. The People have 45 days to re-present. So we
18	are going to come back on November 30th to see if it's
19	actually re-presented.
20	Is that a good date?
21	MS. DULA: Yes.
22	THE COURT: How is 10:00 o'clock?
23	MS. DULA: That's fine.
24	MS. CLEMENT: What type of motion was that?
25	THE COURT: It was an Omnibus.

## Proceedings

1	MS. DULA: Didn't I file a Bruen on this case
2	too? I think I did. I don't know if they responded.
3	THE COURT: The indictment is dismissed.
4	MS. DULA: Okay. That's fine.
5	THE COURT: November 30th at 10:00 o'clock.
6	MS. CLEMENT: I am sorry. What is it being put
7	on for?
8	THE COURT: To see if you all re-present.
9	MS. CLEMENT: Was a decision sent to ADA Gattuso
10	THE COURT: The decision is right there on the
11	table.
12	MS. CLEMENT: I know. Was an electronic copy
13	sent to ADA Gattuso?
14	THE COURT: I am not his secretary. The case is
15	on right now for decision. The decision is right there.
16	MS. CLEMENT: I understand. Is a copy going to
17	be sent to ADA Gattuso?
18	THE COURT: You can send it to the ADA. What is
19	happening right now?
20	MS. CLEMENT: I understand that. I am asking
21	THE COURT: If you understand it, why are you
22	asking me questions that don't make any sense? Help me
23	understand this. Why would I be sending e-mail copies of
24	decisions to the ADA. Do I work for your office?
25	MS. CLEMENT: Because some Judges do.
I	I control of the cont

### Proceedings

1	THE COURT: I don't. You have it right there.
2	MS. CLEMENT: Okay. That's it.
3	THE COURT: I'm sorry. What did you say?
4	MS. CLEMENT: I am just saying that some Judges
5	send the decision to the ADA.
6	THE COURT: I do not. I do not.
7	MS. CLEMENT: I am just asking a question.
8	THE COURT: I do not. Anymore questions?
9	MS. CLEMENT: Okay. That's it.
10	THE COURT: Actually, you could step out. You
11	could step out.
12	MS. CLEMENT: Okay. Who else is going to cover
13	the part then?
14	THE COURT: Call a supervisor.
15	MS. CLEMENT: Okay. That's fine.
16	(Whereupon, the ADA exited the courtroom.)
17	THE COURT: We are not doing this today.
18	* * * *
19	
20	THIS IS CERTIFIED to be a true and accurate transcript of my
21	stenographic minutes.
22	Lorna Beckford
23	
24	LORNA BECKFORD, RPR
25	Official Court Reporter

## **EXHIBIT D**

1	SUPREME COURT OF THE	STATE OF NE	W YORK	
2	COUNTY OF BRONX: CRIM	INAL TERM:	PART SCA	
3				-X
4	THE PEOPLE OF THE STA	TE OF NEW Y	ORK,	
5	- against -		Arraignment	
6			Indictment Nos: 71281	/23
7	TYRESSE MINTER,			
8		Defendant		
9			 61st Street	-X
LO		Bronx, New April 5, 2		
L1		11p111 0, 2	023	
L 2				
L 3	BEFORE:			
L 4				
L 5	HON. NAITA SEMAJ, BRONX COUNTY SUPREME	COURT JUSTI	CE	
L 6				
L 7	A P P E A R A N C E S	:		
L 8	FOR The PEOPLE OF THE BRONX COUNTY DISTRICT			
L 9	DARCEL CLARK, BRONX D BY: CHRISTOPHER CONWA		ORNEY	
20	FOR THE DEFENDANT			
21	THE BRONX DEFENDERS BY: ARCHANA PRAKASH	H. ESO.		
22	ALEX MIRAM, ESÇ			
23	ALSO PRESENT: Justin Simmons,			
24	Fortune Society Super	vised Relea	se Program	
25			HIGHTOWER, RT REPORTER	RPR

1	THE CLERK: An add-on to the
2	calendar, Indictment No. 71281 of 2023,
3	Tyresse Minter. This is a return on an
4	Arrest Warrant, and also on for
5	Arraignment.
6	MS. PRAKASH: On behalf of
7	Mr. Minter, Bronx Defenders by Archana
8	Prakash, A-R-C-H-A-N-A P-R-A-K-A-S-H,
9	and I am joined by co-counsel.
10	MR. MIRAM: Also for Mr. Minter, the
11	Bronx Defenders, by Alex Miram.
12	MR. MOHTA: Kyrus Mohta, from the
13	Office of the District Attorney.
14	Your Honor, I don't have this case
15	in front of me yet, and I just need to
16	pull it up.
17	THE COURT: Do you know who he is
18	assigned
19	MS PRAKASH: He is out in the
20	hallway.
21	(Whereupon, Mr. Conway enters the
22	courtroom).
23	THE COURT: Step up and put your
24	appearance on the record promptly. It is
25	an actual courtroom. What is happening?

T	what do you mean you le not leady:
2	MR. CONWAY: Judge, the mother of the
3	victim is in the building, walking down
4	the hallway.
5	THE COURT: What does that have to
6	do with what we're doing here? I
7	understand that you might want her to be
8	sitting here in the courtroom, but what
9	does that have to do with the actual task
10	at hand?
11	MR. CONWAY: Judge, our preference
12	would be to wait, because this is a
13	homicide case
14	THE COURT: Oh, your preference?
15	Oh, my you know what? My bad. I
16	completely forgot that your preference
17	actually matters. Are you serious right
18	now? I understand you have a preference
19	to have the family members sitting in the
20	courtroom, and that's wonderful. So
21	maybe you should ask her to get here
22	sooner. I don't know, but it's 2:30 in
23	the afternoon. Everybody else is here.
2 4	I am here. And for you to say that the
25	only reason you're not ready right now is

1	that the mother of the victim has not
2	gotten here yet? If you think for a
3	second I'm going to stop what I'm doing,
4	second call this case for the mother to
5	get here are you serious?
6	Are we ready to proceed?
7	MR. CONWAY: Yes, Judge.
8	THE COURT: Thank you.
9	MR. CONWAY: Christopher Conway, from
10	the Office of Darcel Clark.
11	THE CLERK: Arrest warrant vacated?
12	THE COURT: Yes. The arrest warrant
13	is vacated. I need to see a copy of the
14	indictment.
15	THE CLERK: Tyresse Minter, the
16	District Attorney of Bronx County has
17	filed an Indictment where you are charged
18	with the crime of manslaughter in the
19	second degree, and another related crime.
20	How do you plead? Guilty or not
21	guilty?
22	THE DEFENDANT: Not guilty.
23	THE COURT: Notices?
24	MR. CONWAY: Yes, Judge. The People,
25	in their VDF, served Statement Notice,

1	under CPL 70.10 1(a). We also served
2	Alibi Notice under 250.20.
3	The People have an application as to
4	bail, Judge.
5	THE COURT: Go ahead.
6	MR. CONWAY: Judge, the People are
7	requesting the defendant be remanded.
8	The Grand Jury has indicted the
9	defendant on charges of manslaughter in
10	the second degree, and criminally
11	negligent homicide, both bail eligible
12	offenses under CPL 510.10 $4(a)$ and $4(j)$ ,
13	as to felony offense which cause death to
14	another person.
15	As defendant is a mandatory
16	persistent violent felony offender, who
17	was released on parole just one month
18	before this homicide, the crime is also
19	bail eligible under CPL 510.10 $4(r)$ , as
20	it is a felony committed while the
21	defendant is serving a term of
22	post-released supervision.
23	The defendant is charged with
24	placing his fifteen year old stepson in a
25	full body restraint, and extended a hold

1	which caused this child's death.
2	Under CPL 510.10 1(b), the Court
3	must take into account the weight of the
4	evidence against this defendant. The
5	evidence here is strong.
6	This defendant admitted, in a
7	Miranda interview, the evening of his
8	stepson's death, that he wrapped his arms
9	around the stepson's chest and rib-cage,
10	forcing the head downward, while wrapping
11	his legs around the stepson's mid-section
12	and held him there.
13	(Court Reporter clarification).
14	MR. CONWAY: Around the stepson's
15	chest and rib-cage, forcing the head and
16	neck downward, while wrapping his legs
17	around the stepson's mid-section and held
18	him there.
19	The Medical Examiner, who performed
20	the autopsy, found injuries consistent
21	with this narrative, including full death
22	hemorrhaging around his neck and
23	underarms, contusions to the head and
24	scratches to the throat.
25	It is the opinion of the Medical

Examiner that this defendant would have
had to maintain this hold for several
minutes, until the stepson lost
consciousness and died.

2.2

This defendant also made several statements to civilians, Fire Department, and NYPD personnel, which, in part, stated that he placed the stepson in a restraint for approximately ten minutes. This defendant only called 911 after the stepson's mother emplored him to do so over the phone. And he did not call 911 to report the victim's death until approximately twenty minutes after the restraint.

Also under CPL 510.31(a), the Court must take into account the defendant's activities and history. This defendant stands before the Court, a mandatory persistent violent felony offender, who is currently on parole, who has been convicted of two violent felonies since 2011, resulting in prison time.

This defendant is currently on parole after having pled guilty in 2019

1	to Assault in the Second Degree, a
2	D-violent felony, under Cycle 4 of his
3	Wrap Sheet.

The underlying facts of that case is that this defendant pistol whipped a victim and shot him three times in the back with a firearm, and the victim ran away.

He was sentenced to five years incarceration, and it just over a month into his five year, post-released supervision term when he committed this instant crime.

This defendant pled guilty as well to attempted robbery in the second degree, and other D-violent felony in 2011, and was sentenced to a two and-a-half year prison term, with three years post-release supervision.

He had two parole violations while serving post-release supervision. And the underlying facts of that case included a robbery which involved grabbing a grabbing a victim around her throat and squeezing, while the

Τ	co defendant femoved property.
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	The defendant also has a warrant
9	history. And as I mentioned, the parole
10	revocation history.
11	This defendant stands before the
12	Court as a persistent violent felony
13	offender, a multiple parole violator, who
14	is currently on parole for a violent
15	felony, now indicted for a felony offense
16	just a month after his release from
17	prison, for the killing of a fifteen year
18	old child.
19	Due to the seriousness of these
20	charges, and the strength of the People's
21	case, as well as this defendant's
22	history, the People are requesting remand
23	as the least restrictive means to assure
24	his appearance and return to court.
25	THE COURT: Okay. Counsel.

1	MS. PRAKASH: Judge, I think that the
2	first thing I'd say, and I really am a
3	little shocked that this isn't already
4	before you, is that Mr. Minter turned
5	himself in today. I think when we're
6	talking about the least restrictive
7	means, in terms of ensuring somebody's
8	return to court, the fact that the
9	detectives contacted me, because they
LO	knew I represented Mr. Minter. I called
11	him on Monday, told him we would be doing
L2	this today; he came into my office
13	yesterday, we explained what was going to
L 4	happen, and he showed up early day for
L 5	his surrender, is a real sign that
L 6	THE COURT: Is that true?
L7	MR. CONWAY: It is, Judge.
L 8	MS. PRAKASH: Is probably I think
L 9	the first thing that should be before
20	you, in terms of whether or not he is
21	going to return to court, and what how
22	he is feeling about what happened.
23	You will see, Judge, that this
24	incident occurred on January 27th.
25	Mr. Minter did call the police on that

1	day. He is now been charged with a
2	reckless act
3	THE COURT: Hold on a second.
4	Can you come up for a second?
5	Your client looks like he was trying
6	to possibly pass out.
7	(Whereupon, the defendant is given a
8	chair).
9	MS. PRAKASH: I think he's trying to
10	breathe deeply. He's okay.
11	THE COURT: Go ahead.
12	MS. PRAKASH: In terms of this
13	incident: This happened on the 23rd.
14	Mr. Minter did call 911. He stayed on
15	the scene. He then gave multiple
16	statements as to what happened. He
17	didn't flee. He was at the hospital. He
18	was taken to the precinct; he gave
19	statements there.
20	He is also, after that, obviously
21	was released from the precinct, and then
22	there was a Family Court petition filed.
23	He has been in Family Court for the
24	two adjournments for the two court
25	appearances they have. He is represented

1	by my office in Family Court.
2	The next date in Family Court was
3	April 27th.
4	While I understand that this may
5	have nothing to do with this case, in
6	Family Court he was told to go to
7	parenting classes and anger management.
8	He has enrolled and completed, I think it
9	is 7 out of 10 of the parenting classes.
L 0	I'm just handing that up. And the reason
11	I'm doing so is because I do think it
12	shows, not only that he's taking this
L3	seriously, that he understands what his
L 4	obligations are, but that this is not a
15	case where bail is necessary in order to
L 6	ensure his return to court.
L 7	I will also say, Judge, that
L 8	THE COURT: So is there a pending
L 9	neglect or abuse case in Family Court or
20	what?
21	MS. PRAKASH: There is a
22	pending case in Family Court. My
23	understanding that it is a
24	Judge, I don't want to speak
25	incorrectly. As I said, my office

1	represent him. I do believe it is
2	a neglect case. And as I said,
3	that case is back on on the 27th
4	of April for a settlement
5	conference.
6	He's been fully compliant in Family
7	Court with the programming there, with
8	ACS there, and obviously he's turned
9	himself in on this case as soon as he was
10	contacted to do so.
11	We all understand, including
12	Mr. Minter, what a horrible tragedy this
13	is. Nobody is saying otherwise. He is
14	indicted on nonviolent offenses. I think
15	that he does have a defense to this case.
16	He's not going anywhere. I understand
17	he's on parole. I understand that he has
18	two prior convictions that are violent.
19	I will say that the first one is from
20	when the first one excuse me.
21	
22	. The second one was
23	when he was twenty-three.
24	I will also say that since this case
25	has been going on, he has been reporting

to parole. They're fully aware of the circumstances. He called them yesterday and told them he would turn himself in today.

So, I really don't know what else he could possibly show in terms -- excuse me, what he could possibly do in terms of showing that he's not a flight risk.

Having said that, I do understand that these charges are serious and that a child was killed. However, I will just reiterate that he is charged right now with a reckless offense, and a negligent offense, which, again, that serious, I'm not saying it's not, but no one is saying he intentionally did anything to -- excuse me. He intentionally, or he wanted this as a result of his actions.

This isn't a case that I think will be litigated in a short period of time.

My understanding is that the autopsy took a while to complete. I believe, and although I have not seen it, that there were probably forensic specialists that were involved -- involved in coming up

1	with those autopsy findings. We'll
2	certainly will be reviewing them. But
3	the only question right now is is Mr.
4	Minter coming back to court.
5	And I would say, even with his
6	record, everything that he has done since
7	this case started in January, has shown
8	he is absolutely coming back to court.
9	I am going to ask that you release
10	him on his own recognisance. He has been
11	interviewed by Supervised Release. They
12	are here if that is an option that you
13	want to consider?
14	THE COURT: And with respect to
15	the a bail amount, is there an amount
16	that the family can afford?
17	MS. PRAKASH: Judge, I spoke to his
18	mother yesterday, who also came into the
19	office and is here in the audience today.
20	I think that she would you know, she
21	is supporting herself, as Mr. Minter is
22	living with her. I think that the most
23	amount of money that she could probably
24	come up with is about a thousand to
25	\$1500.

1	So, if you are inclined to set bail
2	I'm asking you to consider setting bail
3	in the amount of \$10,000, with ten
4	percent partial secured or
5	THE COURT: Who is here from
6	Supervised Release?
7	MR. SIMMONS: Good afternoon, your
8	Honor.
9	Justin Simmons, from the Fortune
L 0	Society Supervised Release Program.
L1	THE COURT: Did you assess him?
L2	MR. SIMMONS: I did and I would
L3	recommend a Tier 2 Level 5.
L 4	THE COURT: And what is that
L 5	involve?
L 6	MR. SIMMONS: Weekly check-ins. The
L 7	highest tier and highest level.
L 8	THE COURT: And you said weekly
L 9	check-ins and what?
20	MR. SIMMONS: Weekly check-ins, and
21	it would be the highest tier and highest
22	level that we offer. It would be the
23	highest amount of supervision. In
24	addition to which his mother did mention
25	that she did want him to participate in

1	some therapy sessions which we will
2	recommend weekly, group, and
3	individually.
4	THE COURT: Okay. Is there anything
5	else anyone wants to add?
6	MS. PRAKASH: No. Thank you, your
7	Honor.
8	MR. CONWAY: No, Judge.
9	THE COURT: And this happened on
10	January This is alleged to have
11	happened on January 23rd. He's been here
12	since then? In the Bronx?
13	MS. PRAKASH: Oh, yeah, yeah. He's
14	been in the Bronx, he's been in Family
15	Court, and has been reporting to parole,
16	and he's been in my office multiple
17	times. Living with his mother.
18	THE COURT: So, I read the
19	statements that were provided, the
20	statement that he gave, I guess at the
21	time of his arrest. I have also reviewed
22	his wrap sheet. He does have two
23	failures to appear, I guess from Cycle 2
24	and Cycle 1. That was 2011.
25	MS. PRAKASH: I think the Failure to

1	Appear, Judge, is from 2011. The parole
2	issue is from 2015. And you will see
3	that when that parole issue happened, he
4	was taken to the Williard Program.
5	THE COURT: What is that?
6	MS. PRAKASH: Williard is drug
7	treatment, upstate.
8	And so I will just submit, and I'm
9	sorry I neglected to say this earlier.
10	
11	. The 2015 parole
12	revocation, when he was sentenced to
13	Williard, I think indicates that there
14	was a drug issue at that time.
15	He was then released and completed
16	his last year of parole on that case.
17	MR. SIMMONS: And I also would state:
18	I would recommend a Tier 1 Level 3, but
19	given the charge, I have to mandate Tier
20	2 Level 5.
21	THE COURT: All right. You can have
22	a seat.
23	MR. SIMMONS: Thank you.
24	(Whereupon, Mr. Simmons sits in
25	audience).

THE COURT: Given the record made
today, there is really nothing before the
Court that can lead me to conclude that
he is a flight risk, and that he would
not return.

He was aware -- specifically, if not anything else. He was aware that he was coming here today, to turn himself in, regarding Indictment, what he is charged with manslaughter in the second degree, including negligent homicide.

And not only did he come, but he waited for the case to be called. And this is also -- this is something that happened back in January, and it's now April 5th, and he -- I have no indication that there is any issues with parole. I have no indication that he is failing to do anything that he's been asked to do since then. Moreover, giving his statement, I believe he greatly benefits from some sort of programming.

The way this incident was characterized on the record, or the way his statement was characterized on the

1	record, is not necessarily how I read
2	it or how I interpret it. It is a
3	very full and complete statement. It is a
4	statement where he acknowledges things
5	that he did. It's a statement where he
6	seemingly while it doesn't appear that
7	he called the police right away, based
8	upon the statement, it appears that he
9	did not call the police right away
L 0	because he thought he could wake him up,
11	and he called, I believe, the mother of
12	the child. And when the police were
L3	called, he was still there. And he was
L 4	Was he in the ambulance or just before?
L 5	MS. PRAKASH: I'm not sure if he was
L 6	in the ambulance when they were taken to
L 7	the hospital, but he was there and then
L 8	taken to the precinct. You will see that
L 9	the statements are from that same day,
20	and then later on that night or excuse
21	me, after midnight, so the next morning,
22	when he was at the precinct, and then
23	released from there.
2 4	MR. CONWAY: He was not in the
) 5	ambulance Judge

1	THE COURT: Okay.
2	MR. CONWAY: And Judge, along these
3	lines, if I may?
4	THE COURT: Okay.
5	MR. CONWAY: I would point out that
6	part of the defense that this defendant
7	proffers in his Miranda statement is this
8	idea that the victim had a knife.
9	However, in the hours leading up to this,
LO	including his first statements to 911,
11	the statements to EMT's, to FDNY
12	lieutenant, the social workers and
13	doctors at the hospital, there is no
L 4	mention whatsoever of this knife. This
15	knife seems to come several hours later,
16	almost as an afterthought, thrown in to
L 7	bolster that defense.
L 8	So while there is this statement in
L 9	the Miranda interview, which takes place
20	about six to seven hours after the death
21	of a child, People do not credit that as
22	an accurate source of what happened.
23	THE COURT: I will say, that in
24	reading the entire statement, the part
) 5	about the child having the knife was

1	didn't carry that much weight for me. At
2	all. It was the indication that there
3	were possibly a lot of issues in the
4	household. I don't necessarily I'm
5	not gonna make this about the victim at
6	all. We're focusing on this defendant.
7	I really have I recognize that these
8	are very serious charges. I recognize
9	that a child was dead, and regardless of
10	how that comes to be, it's a horrible
11	thing. But in setting bail or remanding
12	someone, there has to be considerations
13	regarding that individual person, and
14	their specific facts and circumstances,
15	and whether or not they're going to
16	return to court.
17	And with respect to this particular

And with respect to this particular defendant, in this particular set of circumstances, especially where he's here, voluntarily, to face these charges, I do believe that Supervised Release is appropriate. And they assessed him. If they didn't believe he was appropriate, they would not have made the recommendation.

1	So, it's going to be release to
2	supervised release. He just have to go
3	there. If he can do you want to come
4	back up? I'm sorry.
5	THE COURT: When does he have to
6	report?
7	MR. SIMMONS: If he is being released
8	from the courtroom we can do it right
9	now.
10	THE COURT: Okay.
11	All right. So Mr. Minter.
12	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am?
13	THE COURT: You're being released.
14	You have to report to supervised release,
15	and you have to comply with every single
16	thing they ask you to do. It is clear to
17	me that you need assistance. You also
18	it is absolutely necessary that you check
19	in with them whatever you are suppose to,
20	and you are in court on all of your
21	scheduled court dates. Okay.
22	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.
23	THE COURT: Do you want a motion
24	schedule?
25	MS. PRAKASH: Yes. Please.

1	THE COURT: Defense motions by April
2	26th.
3	MS. PRAKASH: Judge, can I ask, in
4	this case, for a little bit more time?
5	THE COURT: Have you received any
6	Discovery yet?
7	MS. PRAKASH: No.
8	THE COURT: Do you want to come up
9	for a second.
10	MS. PRAKASH: Sure.
11	(Whereupon, bench discussion).
12	THE COURT: All right. So, defense
13	counsel, you're requesting the full 45
14	days to file your motion?
15	MS. PRAKASH: Yes, please.
16	THE COURT: May 15th.
17	MS. PRAKASH: That's great.
18	THE COURT: And the People Response,
19	June 5th.
20	MR. CONWAY: Yes.
21	THE COURT: And then you're back
22	you're in Part 77 for Decision on June
23	20th.
24	MS. PRAKASH: I think that's fine,
25	Judge. Give me one second.

1	THE COURT: And just so the record
2	is absolutely clear. This is really
3	directed to the People. If you become
4	aware of any missteps, any
5	non-compliance, any anything, you don't
6	have to wait until June 20 you don't
7	have to wait until June 20th to address.
8	You can contact the Part, and seek to
9	have the case advanced to address. Okay.
10	Do you understand that?
11	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.
12	THE COURT: So June 20th and that
13	will be in Part 77; and that is Room 68.
14	MR. CONWAY: Understood, Judge.
15	THE COURT: Is there anything else?
16	MS. PRAKASH: No. Thank you.
17	THE COURT: Thank you.
18	* * *
19	Certified to be a true and accurate copy of the
20	proceedings held on this date, to the best of my
21	ability.
22	
23	Barbara Hightower
24	Senior Court Reporter - Per-Diem

## **EXHIBIT E**

1	SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK	
2	BRONX COUNTY: CRIMINAL TERM: PART-77	
3		x
4	THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,	: : IND. NO.
5	-against:	: 01074-2021
6	MAURICE BAPTISE,	
7	<pre>Defendant(s:)</pre>	
8	October 13, 2022	X
9	Bronx Supreme Court	
_0	265 East 161st Street, Bronx, New York, 10451	
1	BEFORE:	
.2	THE HONORABLE NAITA A. SEMAJ,	
L3		JSTICE
L4	APPEARANCES:	
.5	DARCEL D. CLARK, District Attorney, Bronx Coun	ty
.6	BY: VITTORIA FIORENZA, ESQ. Assistant District Atto	
.7	BRONX DEFENDERS:	
.8	BY: OLIVIA O'SCHECK, ESQ., Attorney for the Defenda	ant
.9		
20		
21		21/2025
22	LORNA BEG Senior Co	CKFORD, ourt Reporter
23		
24		

1	COURT CLERK: Calling number 32 on the calendar,
2	indictment number 01074-2021. Let the record reflect the
3	defendant is not present. Appearances, please.
4	MS. O'SCHECK: On behalf of Mr. Baptise, Olivia
5	O'Scheck for the Bronx Defenders.
6	Good afternoon.
7	MS. FIORENZA: Good afternoon.
8	Vittoria Fiorenza for the Office of the District
9	Attorney standing on behalf of the Assigned ADA Christina
10	Borges.
11	THE COURT: We conferenced this off the record.
12	Defense counsel, you indicated that you have spoken to you
13	client. He was in some sort of accident recently?
14	MS. O'SCHECK: Yes, Judge.
15	THE COURT: Do you want to make a record?
16	MS. O'SCHECK: Yes. He had previously been in a
17	motorcycle accident. That's why he has not been able to
18	make it to court. He thought that he was going to be able
19	to get a ride today, but the ride fell through, he informs
20	me. He actually sent me some photographic evidence that
21	supports his knee injury, for what it's worth. But, we
22	would be asking for an adjournment for him to be able to
23	come to court and resolve the case.
24	THE COURT: Alright. How is

MS. FIORENZA: Judge, may I just briefly put on

the record, I believe this is now the third date the defendant has not appeared. On the last two court dates, I believe counsel said that she had made contact with her client. BCS has indicated that there was supposed to be some additional sessions of programing that the defendant had yet to complete as of September 16. The assigned has a note for us to ask for a warrant today. Given the fact that we have no medical documentation of the defendant's whereabouts, I would request a warrant.

THE COURT: You seriously believe that it's appropriate to ask for a warrant when an attorney has stood up in court and represented that not only has she spoken with her client, but her client was in an accident and her client is unable to get here without a ride? You really do believe, as an attorney, that's an appropriate basis upon which to ask for a warrant?

MS. FIORENZA: Judge, I believe, at the very least, we should get a shorter adjournment for either the defendant to appear or defense counsel to provide some medical documentation.

THE COURT: If somebody is not physically capable of getting here today because he just had his knee drained, which is something defense counsel said on the record, -- I don't believe she said on the record about his knee being drained -- what is the point coming back in a week, because

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in a week we are probably going to hear the same thing.

Make records that are consistent with facts and reality. Like you are asking for a warrant -- warrants are not so cops can go drag somebody in because you want them here faster. Warrants are because somebody chose to simply not come to court. Nothing in that record indicates that he chose to simply not come to court.

MS. FIORENZA: Judge, I am asking for a short adjournment for information or medical documentation providing some assurance of where he is. That's it, just considering his history of court appearance.

THE COURT: She is an officer of the court. She herself has documentation of it. There is no planet upon which she is obligated to share with you her client's medical records of any sort because you want it so you could feel comfortable. That is not the planet upon which we live. We are not doing that. She is an officer of the court who has made certain representations, period.

MS. FIORENZA: Understood, Judge. I have made my record.

THE COURT: You have made your record, and it's one that you really should have really kept to yourself because it makes to sense, no sense, whatsoever.

MS. FIORENZA: Judge, again, I have not received the documents that she is referring to. I don't believe

that the Court has reviewed those documents.

THE COURT: I don't need to review because she is actually an attorney. And the same way you all come to court and want everybody to believe every word that comes out of your mouth, I am inclined to believe that she actually did speak to her client. I am inclined to believe that the picture she has on her phone that shows knee injury is a picture of his knee. I am inclined to believe that because as an officer of the court she has an obligation, just like you, to make sure that everything she is saying on this record is accurate.

Is everything you stated today accurate?

MS. O'SCHECK: Yes. I am happy to show--

THE COURT: I am not interested in seeing a picture of somebody's busted up knee. I am not interested in it at all. If the assigned thinks they will feel better because they see a picture of his busted up knee, you could share it with the assigned. I am not getting involved in that. That is absolutely ridiculous.

I am not issuing a warrant. And I am going out further because it sounds as if -- especially if your knee has just been drained, it makes it very difficult and painful to walk around. Hence why, I am sure, he was attempting to get a ride for today.

November 15th, 10:00 o'clock. Let him know this

## Proceedings

1	is a firm date and time. So if he can't get a ride, he is
2	going to have to figure out some way to make sure he is
3	here November 15th at 10:00 a.m.
4	MS. O'SCHECK: I will pass on the message.
5	
6	* * * *
7	
8	THIS IS CERTIFIED to be a true and accurate transcript of my
9	stenographic minutes.
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12	
13	Lorna Beckford
14	
15	LORNA BECKFORD, RPR
16	Official Court Reporter
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## **EXHIBIT F**

1	SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK	
2	BRONX COUNTY : CRIMINAL TERM : PART-77	
3		Κ
4	THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,	: : IND. NO.
5	-against:	: 71309-2022
6	S P P H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H	
7	Defendant(s:)	
8		: «
9	October 13, 2022	`
LO	Bronx Supreme Court 265 East 161st Street,	
L1	Bronx, New York, 10451	
L2	BEFORE:	
L3	THE HONORABLE NAITA A. SEMAJ,	JSTICE
L4	APPEARANCES:	
L5	DARCEL D. CLARK,	
L6	District Attorney, Bronx Count BY: VITTORIA FIORENZA, ESQ.	ty
L7	SAMANTHA MILLER, ESQ., MICHELLE VILLAVERDE, ESQ.	
L8	Assistant District Attorne	ey
L9	18B PANEL: Assigned Counsel	
20	BY: ROBERT GROSS, ESQ., Attorney for Defendant H	_
21	SPIRO FERRIS, ESQ.	
22	Attorney for Defendant M	
23		
24	LORNA BEG	CKFORD, ourt Reporter
25	Sentor Co	out a reported

	COURT CLERK:	Calling number 30	on the calendar,
S P	H indictm	ent number 71309 o	of '22. Let the
record	reflect the defe	ndant is present.	Appearances,
please.			

MR. GROSS: Good afternoon, Your Honor.

Robert Gross, 1695 Lexington Avenue, on behalf my client, SM-PMM Home. It's a codefendant case, Your Honor.

THE COURT: The parties can step up for Manager as well.

COURT CLERK: Number 30 on the calendar, Manage Manage. Same indictment number. Let the record reflect the defendant is not present.

Appearances, please.

MR. FERRIS: Spiro Ferris, 200 East 62nd Street
New York, New York, for Mr. Meet.

Judge, if I may. As you can clearly, see my client is not before the Court. I did speak with him earlier this morning, and he was in Yonkers en route to court. So from that point on, Judge, I have not heard from him. That was approximately 11:00 a.m. in this morning.

THE COURT: I have that they were both excused today.

MR. FERRIS: I know it's on for decision with

respect to whether or not--

THE COURT: It's on for disposition, and the disposition, as I understood it, was going to be a dismissal.

MR. GROSS: Your Honor, can I make a brief record?

MR. GROSS: Your Honor, this case has been before

THE COURT: Yes.

This case is really not just an injustice for the attorneys, the judicial economy, but my client has a job that he is missing, and I know he is supposed to be excused today. But, this has been going for approximately eight or

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nine months, and someone else already took the weight and took the gun. I just don't understand why we are here.

THE COURT: People.

MS. FIORENZA: Judge, unfortunately, this case has recently been reassigned again to ADA Samantha Miller. The note that from her is that she is asking the Court for a brief adjournment so that she can confirm sentencing on the codefendant in Family Court.

THE COURT: We have had this conversation on at least two appearances, likely three appearances. So why hasn't she confirmed that before now? And even if he hasn't been sentenced, if there is a plea where he -- it's one gun, right?

MS. FIORENZA: I believe so.

THE COURT: If there is a plea where he is taking responsibility for the gun, what else is there to do?

MS. FIORENZA: Judge, actually, the assigned is calling right now. If I could answer.

THE COURT: You can answer or she can come down.

MR. FERRIS: Judge, I would note that, as Your Honor indicated, this is probably the third time we have the same status, which is an adjournment for dismissal purposes on the next adjourned date. So I think this is at least the third time that myself and co-counsel have been here.

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MR. GROSS: Family Court is next door. This isn't like it's out of state. 30.30 is also an issue in this case, Your Honor. What's the harm in dismissing this case?

MR. FERRIS: Judge, I would ask the Court to consider a dismissal sua sponte in furtherance of justice.

THE COURT: Is she coming down or is she dismissing it?

MS. FIORENZA: Judge, the assigned, like I said, was recently just assigned this case. The prior ADA did not leave her the contact information for the Family Court attorney.

THE COURT: It's across the street. The level of laziness is mind blowing. I understand you are the ADA in the part today. This has been on multiple times, and I have heard the same thing at least three times.

MS. FIORENZA: I understand. If the Court would indulge us one more time for a brief adjournment.

THE COURT: Yes. I will give you until 2:15 today. We are not doing this. Either the assigned can come or a supervisor can come because, at this point, you are just taking your sweet time, and it's really just offensive, especially since on every single date the record has been made there is going to be a dismissal with respect to these two people. So 2:15, and a supervisor can come or

1	she can come and explain why this is still not going on,
2	and why nobody can walk across the street or as a matter
3	of fact, not even across the street, up the stairs
4	depending on what building they are in, and get the
5	information.
6	With respect to Mr. Here, Supervised Release
7	indicated he did 6 1/2 months of compliance, and they are
8	requesting I grant completion and set ROR. I am granting
9	that.
10	MR. GROSS: Your Honor, may my appearance be
11	excused? Mr. Ferris has graciously said that he will stand
12	up for me at 2:15.
13	THE COURT: That's fine.
14	MR. GROSS: And would my client's appearance be
15	waived, Your Honor?
16	THE COURT: That's fine.
17	MR. FERRIS: Judge, I have Mr. Meet on the phone.
18	THE COURT: Mr. Meet is on supervised release.
19	They are asking for no change of status, but I am not
20	addressing that now because the case is second-called for
21	what should be, by all account, even the People's account,
22	a dismissal at 2:15.
23	Mr. Gross, your client is excused and you are

25 \* \* \* \*

excused.

ctment number

We are having the same conversation which we had back

1	COURT CLERK: Second call on indictment number
2	71309 of '22, SEE-PERSON HERE and Market Mark.
3	MR. FERRIS: Good afternoon.
4	Spiro Ferris, 200 East 62nd Street, New York, New
5	York, appearing for Mr. Mee. Judge, I am also standing in
6	for co-counsel.
7	THE COURT: During the first call counsel for
8	Mr. He was here, and he did request to be excused because
9	he couldn't be here in the afternoon. He also requested
10	that his client be excused for the second call, and he is
11	excused. Your client was here, and he was also excused.
12	People?
13	MS. MILLER: Samantha Miller for the People.
14	I am the recently assigned.
15	I spoke with the ADA in the part on the first
16	call. I did reach out to Family Court, as Your Honor
17	requested the People to do.
18	THE COURT: I didn't request that you reach out
19	to Family Court. I requested that you come back, either
20	you or a supervisor come back with a dismissal because this
21	has been on for possible disposition August 18th. It was
22	adjourned to August 29th for possible disposition. August
23	29th it was adjourned forb today for possible disposition.
24	And we are in the same literally, it's like Ground Hog

in August today.

Quite frankly, you sent an email to me at 2:02 this afternoon, and your email reads: This case is on the calendar today, and it was requested that I go to Family Court to request information regarding the current status of former co-defendant case, which was removed to Family. I spoke to Deputy Borough Chief Matthew Conaghan, and I was informed that I need a so-ordered subpoena for the information regarding any Family Court proceeding in that matter. Please see the attached order, bla, bla, bla.

Any and everything that happened today could have been and should have happened since August.

MS. MILLER: So, Your Honor, the sentencing was on last week in Family Court. We can't dismiss a codefendant matter without a disposition in the Family Court.

THE COURT: Let's be clear. It is not that you can't. It's that your office chooses not to. There is nothing in the law preventing that. It's one gun, one gun, three people. One person has already pled guilty, right?

MS. MILLER: Yes, Your Honor, and--

THE COURT: We are not going to talk at the same time. We are not doing that. We are absolutely not doing that today.

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One person already pled guilty to the one gun.

You know that. You have that. And either way, even if he was sentenced in last week, we are still here today. And the thing you did today after the first call is the thing you should have done last week, right?

MS. MILLER: Your Honor, I was out last week for a family emergency.

THE COURT: Oh, my goodness. So everything must stop. Do you realize that there are implications to having cases open? You do realize that, right?

MS. MILLER: Yes, Your Honor, I do realize that.

But, I can't do things that I am not present in New York

for. I was out of state for a family emergency, and I am

dealing with a family emergency, so I am not going to--

THE COURT: Are you a sole practitioner?

MS. MILLER: No. I work for the District Attorney's Office.

aware of this for months now. That is the point. It is not necessarily about you. It is about the fact that your office has been aware of it. While you are standing here right now, and while she is in here right now, I was here on the last date in August. He was here on the last date in August. And we had a whole entire discussion on and off the record

about what needed to happen, and that's why this date was picked. This date was specifically picked because it was after the sentencing. And you said -- whoever was here on that date said they would have the information, they would make sure they would get it for defense counsel and be here so we could move forward today. That is the representation that was made in August, and we are literally here in the middle of October and it's just, oh, I will give you a subpoena and try to get the information. Do you realize how disingenuous and ridiculous that is?

MS. MILLER: Your Honor, that was not the information that was provided to me.

THE COURT: That's not my problem. That's something you need to address with the people in your office. I know what happened in here. I don't know what was relayed to you. I know what happened in court in August, and I know why it was put on today. It's incredibly annoying to me that I adjourn cases for dates that everyone agrees upon so that we could do a particular thing, and then we are here to do that particular thing and nothing gets done. And the position from that side of the room is simply, oh, we need more time. Except you had two months. You had two months. We would not have come back here today if there was some confusion about whether or not it could get done today. But, that is why we are back

today. And if the issue is whatever was written on the status sheet and relayed to you, that is something that you have an obligation to address with the people in your office. But, it's not my problem. It shouldn't be his problem or his client's problem. Right now they are going to have to walk out this building with the case still open, knowing someone already took the gun. It's one gun. It's one gun.

The position from the People since August has been it's going to be dismissed as to Hamal and Manal. That has been the position. And knowing that that's the position, the fact that it's not getting done strictly because this side of room, the People, have dragged their feet and not done the bare minimum, because the bare minimum is literally what you did between the first and second call which was make a phone call and prepare a subpoena, which could have been done. Not for nothing, it's a Bronx case, isn't it? It's Bronx Family Court?

MS. MILLER: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: 900 Sheridan Avenue, right there. If anybody from your office even cared, they could have been there for the sentencing. They could have been there and witness it themself, so there wouldn't even be a need for any subpoena. It could have been done, but the lack of any desire to get this done is mind blowing to me.

Do you have anything to say?

MR. FERRIS: Well, I had made this application earlier before the second call which is -- I think given the circumstances here, my application would be for the Court to consider sua sponte to dismiss this case in

THE COURT: People.

furtherance of justice.

MS. MILLER: Your Honor, we would be requesting that that motion be made in writing. Additionally, I provided Your Honor with a subpoena in order to get the information that my office requires in order to provide Your Honor with a DOR, which we need time in order to do.

THE COURT: A DOR is not required by law. A DOR is something your office like to have. You could reach out to your supervisor or chief and give me a reason why this case should not be dismissed today, because it's been the People's representation that these cases are being dismissed. It's been the People's representation. It's been the People's representation they -- I deferred to the People, and you said it has to be after sentencing. I deferred to the People, it's now after sentencing and, alas, we are here with nothing, nothing. And the only reason why I am even getting this so-ordered subpoena, the only reason any phone call was made today is literally because of the second call, not even because of the first

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call. The first call, it was simply a status sheet saying I need more time.

MR. FERRIS: Judge, if I may. I am somewhat perplexed by the notion, as Your Honor said several times, there is one gun, three people. We know that one of those people has made an admission as to that firearm being theirs. So, what more is there to do here? What are the People seeking to do here as it relates to somebody responding to Family Court making an admission to that firearm being his? I mean, that's pretty irretrievable, if you ask me, Your Honor.

MS. MILLER: Your Honor, I have no notes as to any -- the only thing that's mentioned in my file -- I don't have any minutes from Family Court. It appears that he took responsibility for the gun from a note. That's all I have. I don't have any minutes. I don't have any disposition.

THE COURT: I am sorry. If you wanted more than a note and wanted minutes for the disposition, there were things you could have done to get that. You are aware of that, right?

MS. MILLER: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: So why -- you are complaining about things you don't have, but you didn't try to get them.

MS. MILLER: I am well aware of -- I can try. I

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am well aware of that. Where we are at right now with this case being reassigned, I don't have them. So I am not dismissing the case. I did speak with my supervisor. She is on her way down. I spoke with her before lunch. She knows what's going on in this case.

THE COURT: Does she, though? Because you didn't know what's going until I told you. According to you, you didn't have anything in your notes. So I am not sure how she could know what's going on.

MS. MILLER: She has the same notes that I have.

THE COURT: Exactly. So she knows nothing because that's pretty much the record you made; I didn't know any of this. I just got the case. I am reassigned. There is nothing in the notes.

MS. MILLER: I am saying that the minutes weren't provided. The assistant district attorney--

THE COURT: You can order minutes. I can get -when I need minutes, I get them. When defense counsel
needs minute, he gets them. What is stopping you from
getting minutes? Help me understand? Please walk me
through the life that you live? What is so difficult about
you getting minutes? It been two months.

MS. MILLER: It hasn't been two months.

THE COURT: What efforts did anyone from your office take to get minutes?

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MS. MILLER: I don't have any record as to that, so I don't know.

THE COURT: What efforts did your office make at all to confirm anything with respect to the codefendant?

Because it was your office's record and representation that somebody took a plea, and that they were going to dismiss once he was sentenced. That came from your office. So--

MR. FERRIS: I think maybe the hang-up, Judge, is, from the People's perspective -- not that I am advocating for them, but I think they wanted -- they knew, they were aware that that person made an admission in Family Court, but they wanted to wait until when that individual was sentenced.

THE COURT: I understand that, which is why we came back today. Exactly. It is after sentencing. And what efforts did the People make to confirm that he was sentenced or that anything happened at the sentence that shouldn't have happened? None, zero efforts, zero efforts, zero.

So we are all just patiently awaiting the arrival of the supervisor. The court will literally continue to grind to a halt until the People appear and do something or say something. We will all wait. Third call.

\* \* \* \*

THE COURT: Back on the record.

1	MS. VILLAVERDE: Michelle Villaverde for the
2	People, V-I-L-L-A-V-E-R-D-E, on behalf of the assigned
3	assistant, Samantha Miller.
4	THE COURT: So you have a hard copy of the
5	subpoena?
6	MS. VILLAVERDE: I do, Judge.
7	THE COURT: We conferenced this at length off the
8	record, and based on ADA Villaverde's representations, I am
9	going to sign the subpoena, and I am going to put this over
10	to October 21st. That's next Friday. And I am putting it
11	on for dismissal. At this point, it seems very clear that
12	the intention is that once the defendant is sentenced,
13	these cases are being dismissed. So we are back here 10:00
14	a.m. on October 21st. Your client can be excused on that
15	date. And I have signed the subpoena.
16	Anything else?
17	MS. VILLAVERDE: That's it. Thank you, Judge.
18	Have a good afternoon, everyone.
19	* * * *
20	THIS IS CERTIFIED to be a true and accurate transcript of my
21	stenographic minutes.
22	Lenna Banklend
23	Lorna Beckford
24	LORNA BECKFORD, RPR
25	Official Court Reporter

## In The Matter Of:

People v.

J L Indictment 70344/2021

March 23, 2022

Peter Kent

Original File 22 0323.txt

Min-U-Script®

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:	SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK BRONX COUNTY: CRIMINAL TERM: PART FYP-32	
	PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK	
	-against- Indictment No. 70344/2021	
'	7034472021	
	Defendant	
	Bronx Hall of Justice 265 East 161st Street	
	Bronx, New York 10451 (Via TEAMS)	
	Date: March 23, 2022	
	B E F O R E:  HON. NAITA A. SEMAJ-WILLIAMS,  Supreme Court Justice	
	APPEARANCES:	
	DARCEL CLARK, ESQ. District Attorney, Bronx County	
	198 East 161st Street Bronx, New York 10451	
	BY: JILLIAN CASTRELLON, ESQ., Assistant District Attorney	
	THE LEGAL AID SOCIETY Attorneys for the Defendant	
	260 East 161st Street Bronx, New York 10451	
	BY: NANCY GINSBURG, ESQ.	
	Also present: Carlos Collazo, Court Interpreter	
	Douglas Knepper, LAS Caseworker	
	Peter M. Kent Senior Court Reporter	

1 THE CLERK: We are appearing via TEAMS. Do all parties agree? 2 3 MS. GINSBURG: Yes. MS. CASTRELLON: Yes. 4 5 (Brief pause.) 6 THE COURT: I see your client is on. Does he need 7 the Interpreter, or --8 MS. GINSBURG: That's his mother. 9 THE COURT: Is his mother here, because his camera is not on? 10 Can you turn on your camera, Mr. Lees ? 11 12 THE CLERK: Do you want me to repeat anything? He's frozen now. 13 14 (Brief pause.) 15 THE CLERK: This is Number 2 on the FYP-32 Calendar, under Indictment 70344/2021, in the matter of the 16 People of the State of New York against J 17 18 State your appearances, please. MS. GINSBURG: The Legal Aid Society, by Nancy 19 20 Ginsburg, G-i-n-s-b-u-r-g, appearing for Deborah Rush, 21 R-u-s-h. 22 Good morning. 23 MS. CASTRELLON: Jillian Castrellon, on behalf of 24 the Office of the District Attorney. My last name is

25 spelled, C-a-s-t-r-e-l-l-o-n.

1	THE COURT: We can proceed because your client
2	speaks and understands English, correct?
3	MS. GINSBURG: Correct.
4	THE COURT: I this on for possible disposition.
5	Is there a disposition?
6	MR. KNEPPER: I can translate for the mother.
7	MS. GINSBURG: The People are recommending
8	three-and-a-half years. And we would like "Y-O" and
9	probation.
10	So, we don't have a disposition.
11	The Court can grant "Y-O" and probation, but we
12	haven't had that discussion yet.
13	This is his only offense. The case is almost a
14	year old and he's had no further contact. He's going to
15	school and working.
16	MS. CASTRELLON: And, Judge, I will say that this
17	recommendation has been made after consideration of
18	counsel's PPI and in conjunction with conversations that I
19	have had with ADA Gottlieb and other executives in the
20	office.
21	THE COURT: So, there is a separately I can't
22	find the Indictment but I am looking at the felony
23	complaint, and there were two people in a room and someone
24	was shot in the I guess in the face?
25	MC CACTRELLON. Vog

1 The defendant's ex-girlfriend was shot in the face by the defendant. 2 THE COURT: Well, she's -- at one point she says 3 she shot herself. And then he says that he shot her. 4 5 MS. CASTRELLON: Correct. The charges against her were dismissed. 6 7 People were unable to speak with her at the time of the 8 incident. The officers were unable to speak to her as she 9 went to the hospital afterwards, and based on the 10 defendant's NYPD video statement, which, both his parents were present for, those cases -- those charges were 11 12 dismissed against 13 MS. GINSBURG: It appears that it was an accidental discharge. 14 15 THE COURT: What is the People's position? 16 (Brief pause.) THE COURT: Your mic is off. 17 MS. CASTRELLON: Judge, I do not believe that it 18 was accidental, but I do not currently have a cooperative 19 20 complainant. So, he has been charged with the reckless assault at this time, um, as well as the criminal possession 21 22 of a weapon, and the other underlying charges. 23 She has never cooperated with the DA's Office. She has not testified in the Grand Jury. I have spoken to 24

I have met with her. But the contact has been far and

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1	few between.
2	THE COURT: Well, what is the People's position as
3	to what happened?
4	MS. CASTRELLON: Judge, my position is that there
5	was a there's been a history of domestic violence between
6	these two individuals, um, that
7	THE COURT: What do you mean by a "history of
8	domestic violence"?
9	MS. CASTRELLON: That he has hit her, punched her,
10	thrown her down a flight of stairs previously before this
11	incident. That there was a breakup preceding this incident.
12	And that the gun was loaded in front of her at the time of
13	the incident and the trigger was pulled.
14	THE COURT: Where is that information from if you
15	never had a cooperative complainant?
16	MS. CASTRELLON: So, I have spoken with her, but
17	she is not willing to she has not been willing to come
18	back into my office.
19	THE COURT: Have the People requested or required
20	anything of the defendant since his arrest?
21	MS. CASTRELLON: I'm sorry, Judge?
22	THE COURT: Have the People requested or required
23	anything of the defendant since his arrest?
24	MS. CASTRELLON: In terms of?
25	THE COURT: If the People's position is that there

1	is a history of domestic violence, I would think that the
2	People would have at least asked or expected him to engage
3	in some services related to that.
4	Has that in fact
5	MS. CASTRELLON: No.
6	That information was only made aware to me when I
7	became involved with the case, which was just a few months
8	ago. Um, I know that the defendant had voluntarily done the
9	Esperanza Program after his initial arraignment. That was
10	not something that was required by the People. There was no
11	programming required by the People.
12	THE COURT: So
13	MS. GINSBURG: Judge, just so the Court is aware,
14	he completed both Esperanza and Exalt.
15	THE COURT: Not because the People asked him to,
16	but just on his own?
17	MS. GINSBURG: Correct.
18	We connected him and he completed them and fully
19	participated.
20	THE COURT: He is out on bail?
21	MS. GINSBURG: Yes.
22	THE COURT: How long has he been out?
23	MS. CASTRELLON: I believe actually he is on
24	supervised release.
25	THE COURT: Okay. I don't have anything.

MS. CASTRELLON: I don't have either because I am 1 running back and forth between court parts, but --2 THE COURT: I'm just, always, um, just -- I guess 3 I am a little confused, when there is someone who is alleged 4 5 to have done something, a case is filed against him, the case is in court, they are out, they are engaging in 6 7 services, they are not getting rearrested, um, no one's 8 coming in here asking for anything to change because of any issue or concern, and then the People's position is jail --9 10 several years jail. MS. CASTRELLON: Yes. 11 12 The facts of the case -- and you know, like I 13 said, based upon the facts of the case and like I said I have conferenced this and that's the People's recommendation 14 15 at this time. 16 MS. GINSBURG: Your Honor, there is just one more 17 issue. 18 Um, BCS has been providing supervision, and they are actually asking, given the length of time they have been 19 20 supervising J , and that supervision be terminated. Is there an update or is there 21 THE COURT: 22 something that was sent to the Court, because I don't -- is 23 there an update? 24 MS. GINSBURG: Um --

MS. CASTRELLON: Judge, I also received it.

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1	THE INTERPRETER: Your Honor, do you need the
2	Interpreter?
3	Do you need the Interpreter?
4	THE COURT: Mr. Knepper, what do you regarding
5	the Interpreter, do we want the Interpreter or can you just
6	speak to the mother after?
7	MR. KNEPPER: I will speak to her after, it's
8	fine.
9	THE COURT: Okay.
10	Thank you, Interpreter.
11	THE INTERPRETER: Thank you.
12	Can you hear me just to prove that it's fixed for
13	the next case?
14	THE COURT: I can hear you.
15	THE INTERPRETER: Thank you.
16	THE COURT: Have a good day.
17	THE INTERPRETER: Likewise.
18	(Brief pause.)
19	THE COURT: I just got an e-mail from Mr. Knepper.
20	All right.
21	So just so I am clear, what is the basis for
22	the 3 years jail?
23	MS. CASTRELLON: Judge, based upon the facts of
24	the case, you know, the conversations that I had with the
25	complainant, and this case has been conferenced with the

1	executives in consideration with the PPI, and this is the
2	recommendation.
3	THE COURT: Does your office take into
4	consideration that it is the Youth Part, or is that just not
5	a part of analysis?
6	MS. CASTRELLON: Yes, Judge. No, Judge, that was
7	taken into consideration as well.
8	THE COURT: How old is he?
9	MS. GINSBURG: Seventeen.
10	He was the case is a year old, so he was
11	sixteen when the case came in.
12	THE COURT: And the People's position also is that
13	no "Y-O"?
14	MS. CASTRELLON: Correct.
15	THE COURT: And why because of the facts of the
16	case and
17	MS. CASTRELLON: Yes, Judge. This is a sixteen
18	year old boy who is walking around with a loaded firearm and
19	shoots someone in the face.
20	And, I mean, our position is that it's, it's
21	really not accidental, and, you know
22	THE COURT: But what do you have to support that
23	position as an attorney? You have a complainant who has at
24	least at one point said she did shoot herself.
25	MS. CASTRELLON: Correct. But Judge, I had

further conversations with her, whether or not she is willing to continue to come in, that's not happened, but I can't ignore the conversations that I have had with her and the fact that this goes from an accident to an intentional being shot in the face.

She's lost vision to her left eye. She can't see. She's got constant tinnitus in her ear.

You know, it's by an act of God that she didn't die. So, it is a very serious set of injures, a very serious set of circumstances. Whether or not he was joking around when this happened, he shot, he fired, he pulled the trigger of a gun on a person's head.

It's not a simple mistake --

THE COURT: But that's why it -- I am also a little confused -- it's so serious, it's so bad, there is a history of domestic violence, according to the People, but yet he is literally not asked to do anything by the People.

The People's position is he's arrested, he's charged, he comes to court, and at the end the everything what he does is services on his own, then jail because it is so terrible.

If what he did was so bad -- if the People truly believe there is a history of domestic violence, please tell me, help me why the People's position is also to not ask him to do anything. Tell me how to understand that.

1 MS. CASTRELLON: Judge, I am not a DV Assistant. It was not coming in as DV. 2 3 THE COURT: The representation you have made, based upon the representations you have made, you have the 4 5 case for several months now. So, whether you are a DV Assistant or not, if you are going to come into this court 6 7 and talk about there is a history of domestic violence, you 8 are going to have to explain to me why there's that history and the People don't do anything to address it. 9 Tell me. Help me understand. 10 MS. CASTRELLON: Judge, I am happy to look into a 11 12 program that would be available for him to complete with 13 respect to --THE COURT: A year later, after he's done a 14 15 program on his own? 16 Do you hear yourself? MS. CASTRELLON: Well, Judge --17 18 THE COURT: And let's also be clear. You're not a DV Assistant. Let's also be abundantly clear, DV is not for 19 people that fight frequently, DV is about control, it is not 20 just about people that are fighting each other. 21 22 So, let's be very careful with the language we 23 use, especially when there's been nothing on the People's side that has been done to address the issues. Nothing. 24 25 Nothing at all.

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So, to -- on one hand to do nothing to address the issues, then to come in to court and say because it was so bad, it was so horrible he needs to be in jail for 3 years.

I would love for your office to recognize how disconnected that is and how ridiculous that is.

It's one thing if you were standing here saying there's a history of domestic violence and we ask for a program. He didn't comply with the program. He's been -or something -- but instead it's acknowledging he's complied with every program he did on his own. There's been no new incidents. But then you're just throwing all over the record there is a history of domestic violence. Then when I asked you anything about the specific domestic violence, well, I am not a DV Assistant. You can't have it every which way. Pick a position and stick with it. And everything you say in this courtroom should be based upon good faith. You can't just say there is a history of domestic violence because they fought. It's not one in the It's really not. And if you're going to say there is same. a history of domestic violence, it would really make more sense to me if you could at least put on the record one thing that was done to address that issue.

Just because there is a history of domestic violence -- I would think it would be more appropriate for a DV Assistant to be here.

MS. CASTRELLON: And Judge, I don't disagree. The history of domestic violence issues that came to me were not readily available at the beginning of the case when the case was first indicted with the original assistant, because there was no contact with the complaining witness.

I had made contact with the complainant, and had her in my office. I have seen photographs that she alleges were, were of prior incidents of abuse. Um, and that is my basis of knowledge. It is my good faith basis of knowledge.

I have not said anything on record that I am speculating --

THE COURT: No. If you have that, if you have that information and have you that belief, why was he not asked to do anything to address that? Why is it that anything he has done has been on his own or through the defense counsel? Why is that the case? And this is not the only case where this has happened, why is it the case on this one?

MS. CASTRELLON: So, Judge, at the time that, um, that information became aware to me, Mr. Legenth had already finished completing the Esperanza Program. There was no interim probation or anything set in place. At the time we were recommending jail time. So, there wasn't, in my position, there wasn't programming that the People would consider as part of a plea at this point, after, like I

1 said, after it had been conferenced by my chief and the supervisor above my chief. 2 THE COURT: When was the last time it was 3 conferenced? 4 5 MS. CASTRELLON: Um, I believe it was conferenced sometime in February, Judge. 6 7 THE COURT: Okay. 8 So, whoever it was conferenced with -- because I really don't understand the People's position -- I don't 9 10 understand this whole -- defendant's out -- doing what they are supposed to be doing -- still very much a child -- and 11 12 the only answer the People ever have is several years jail. 13 So, whoever you conferenced it with, I am going to adjourn it for a short date, that person can log on and 14 15 maybe help me understand, because I don't. I don't 16 understand it at all. This is his -- for the -- everything related to 17 the history is from -- is strictly from the complainant. 18 There is no -- are there any police reports? Are there any 19 20 arrests? Is there anything else? MS. CASTRELLON: Not to my knowledge, Judge, no. 21 22 THE COURT: Okay. 23 So, whoever it was conferenced with, whoever made the final determination that in this particular case where, 24 25 yes, it was a very serious injury to the complainant, I

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can't even say that, um, I have no indication -- I can't say
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         with any certainty that he intentionally shot her in the
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         face because, (a), I wasn't there, and (b), the complainant,
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         at least at one point said she did it to herself.
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                   So, yes she may have told you that it was
         intentional, and all we have is that, that statement, but --
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                   MS. CASTRELLON: Understood.
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                   THE COURT: I'm sorry?
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                   MS. CASTRELLON: No. Understood, Judge.
                   THE COURT: So, I am going to do a short date for
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         whoever made the final determination that 3 years jail for
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         this child is, um, is the only appropriate outcome they can
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         think of, they need to appear and explain to me why.
                   So, um -- is he in school?
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                   MS. GINSBURG: Yes.
                   THE COURT: Does he go in person?
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                   MS. GINSBURG: Yes, he is.
                   MR. KNEPPER: Yes, he's in Port Jervis High
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                  In the town where they reside.
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         School.
                   MS. GINSBURG: He moved out of the city.
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                   THE COURT: Okay.
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                   So, what time is school --
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                   THE DEFENDANT: Well --
                   THE COURT: -- like regular, like 8:00 to 3:00 or
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         something?
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1	What time is school?
2	MR. KNEPPER: J
3	THE DEFENDANT: 7:26.
4	THE COURT: 7:00 to 6:00?
5	THE DEFENDANT: 7:26, Miss.
6	THE COURT: 7:26 in the morning? Until when?
7	THE DEFENDANT: Until, until 2:12.
8	THE COURT: 2:12?
9	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
10	THE COURT: Very specific times. Okay.
11	So, can we do hold on one second.
12	(Brief pause.)
13	THE COURT: Can we do 4:00 o'clock on April 7th?
14	MS. GINSBURG: Yes.
15	THE COURT: Ms. Castrellon?
16	MS. CASTRELLON: (Muted.)
17	THE COURT: You're muted and your camera is off.
18	MS. CASTRELLON: Yes. Sorry, Judge, I am looking
19	at my calendar.
20	That works for me. And I will, obviously, get
21	involved with my supervisors so to let them know. I
22	don't know what their schedule is.
23	THE COURT: No, no, it doesn't matter what their
24	schedule is, whoever made the final determination, they are
25	being directed to appear here.

1	MS. CASTRELLON: No, I know.
2	THE COURT: No, no, I absolutely know, I know
3	you don't know what their schedule is, whoever made the
4	final determination is being directed to appear here at 4:00
5	p.m. on April 7th virtual to explain their position.
6	MS. CASTRELLON: Okay.
7	THE COURT: Okay?
8	MS. CASTRELLON: Yes, Judge.
9	THE COURT: All right.
10	So, I will see you all is there anything else
11	we need to address today?
12	MS. CASTRELLON: There's from yes to
13	terminate BCS supervision.
L <b>4</b>	THE COURT: Oh.
15	Do the People have a position on that?
16	MS. CASTRELLON: Um, I would just ask that you
17	maintain the BCS supervision. I think it's just a phone
18	call and check in. It doesn't require him to come to court.
19	THE COURT: Okay, so, why does your office believe
20	that we should maintain that?
21	MS. CASTRELLON: Well, Judge, we had asked for
22	bail originally on this case when the defendant was
23	originally arraigned just to maintain some contact with the
24	court between court dates.
25	He doesn't live in the Bronx any more. This case

has not been called in person for -- I guess, ever, um, since arraignment. So, we just ask that he have contact with the court between the court dates.

THE COURT: He's been in compliance for nine-and-a-half months. I mean, he is a Tier 1? You can't go any lower. He is -- um, they are asking to be released -- he's been participating for nine-and-a-half months, there's been no -- Ms. Ginsburg, is it your position that there's been no issues reported, no concerns raised in that nine-and-a-half months?

MS. GINSBURG: No. None.

THE COURT: I mean -- and it's not -- this supervision doesn't necessarily -- this Court doesn't get anything until the court date anyway. So there is -- and he is, he is in -- you're in contact with him, right, Mr. Knepper and Ms. Ginsburg?

MS. GINSBURG: Yes.

THE COURT: I mean, while the People's position is that they requested bail so there needs to be something. I mean, they may have requested bail when he was arraigned, but he's been out, he's been compliant, he's done everything he's supposed to do. He hasn't been rearrested. There have not been any issues raised.

I am going to terminate the supervision. There is no -- we don't -- if at this point it really is just a phone

call, and just a, you know, you go on-line and you check in,
I personally don't even think that's real supervision. So,
let that be free for somebody else.

Um, Mr. Knepper and Ms. Ginsburg, if you lose contact with your client, definitely let the Court know and we can advance the case. And if it is a matter of this case just not being on in court and you want to have more contact with the defendant, this case could easily be in-person, but I don't see anywhere where anybody has asked that it be in-person.

So -- um --

MS. GINSBURG: Your Honor, just so the Court is clear, the People required a DNA swab in February. James and his mother appeared for that on time. They were compliant with that.

So, there is no reason to believe that he would not show up if this was an in-person, I don't believe that right now there is any reason for it to be in-person particularly --

THE COURT: No, I am not putting it on in person.

I mean there's been no request thus far that it be in person.

There's been no indication that he is not suppose to be doing what he is supposed to do. It is -- so, April 7th at 4:00 o'clock and that will be virtual for the People

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1	to help me understand their position.
2	Is there anything else?
3	MS. CASTRELLON: Judge, just with respect to the
4	swab. We haven't received the results back yet. OCME has
5	been quite backlogged.
6	THE COURT: Okay.
7	MS. CASTRELLON: I will follow up with that if
8	there is an update and I will also ask the Court to extend
9	the order of protection that's been in place. I am not sure
10	if it was extended for a long period of time on the last
11	date.
12	THE COURT: That's extended.
13	And just try to have an update on the swab when
14	you come back.
15	MS. CASTRELLON: Yes, I will do my best to get an
16	update and let the Court know and
17	THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
18	Anything else?
19	MS. CASTRELLON: Nothing from the People.
20	THE COURT: All right.
21	MS. GINSBURG: Thank you.
22	THE COURT: All right, have a good day.
23	MS. CASTRELLON: You too.
24	MS. GINSBURG: Thank you.
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